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The Pittsburgh Gazette

FOR THE ACCOMMODATION OF PERSONS leaving the city during the summer months they can have the GAZETTE mailed to their address, by ordering the same at the office, for fifteen cents per week for one week or more.

THE PRESIDENT, it is now announced, has concluded not to remove Gen. Sheridan. The refusal of General Thomas to take the place may have had much to do in leading the President to moderation.

It is, also, said by the President's friends that instead of resigning, as he threatened, he has put aside his objections to the Reconstruction Acts, and means to carry them into execution. Considering how intrinsic and fundamental his objections to those acts were, this compliance surpasses ordinary condescension.

The uses of adversity begin to be manifest in the President. The people are clearly against him. Instead of treating his ten veto messages with the respect he claimed to be due to them, Congress, conscious of its power, quietly provides for carrying its own will into effect. The Generals who led the Union armies have no confidence either in his statesmanship or in his fidelity to his honorable pledges. The greater part of the American people evidently remember one of his former speeches, in which he declared, with the rough vehemence peculiar to his style, "it a man prates about the Constitution, spot him for a traitor."

There is an unconquerable feeling that the people are greater than their institutions, and may do there with as they will. Constitutions are, indeed, valuable, as embodying the mind of the nation, but that mind changes, through uniform progress or by the violence of extraordinary events. Constitutions will certainly be made to change as well.

It is probable, moreover, that the President and his cohort of placemen have been forecasting what the Presidential canvass now approaching may bring forth. When the Prophet found the mountain would not go to him, he sagaciously made up his mind to go to the mountain.

THE action of the New York General Committee in nominating General Grant for the Presidency, was evidently taken after deliberation and upon consultation with prominent republicans in different parts of the country. For several weeks past matters have been shaping to this end. The General felt it incumbent on him to relinquish the neutral position he long maintained. When approached by Mr. S. S. Cox with overtures relative to the democratic nomination, he gave that gentleman to understand that his opinions and sympathies did not run in that direction. In some of his official acts he went farther, fully endorsing the Reconstruction Policy of Congress. In his late interviews with leading Republicans, he has expressed himself without reserve, and to their complete satisfaction. This nomination at New York, therefore, may be taken as significant of the coverging lines of preference in the Republican ranks.

WE REMARKED a day or two ago that the abundant crops of the present season, came at a period to relieve many embarrassments that have been pressing with great severity upon all departments of industry in this country. A contemporary gives a comparison of the crops of the present year and those of 1866. These statements are not absolute, but approximate; yet they may be taken as sufficiently near the exact mark to serve the purpose for which they are intended:

Crops in 1866.	Estimated Crops in 1867.
Cotton, bales. 4,675,670	5,500,000
Wheat, bus. 178,493,000	215,000,000
Corn..... 838,792,740	1,300,000,000
Rye..... 21,031,280	22,000,000
Oats..... 172,643,185	230,000,000
Barley..... 15,834,868	21,000,000
Buckwheat..... 7,257,326	9,000,000
Potatoes, bus. 117,148,867	155,000,000
Butter, lbs.... 459,681,371	512,000,000
Cheese..... 68,862,944	102,000,000
Rice..... 187,027,651	50,000,000
Tobacco..... 257,867,826	350,000,000
Cane Sugar..... 209,942,000	250,000,000
Hay, tons..... 13,588,842	21,000,000

THE business community are at a loss to know what necessity exists for the new fifteen cent fractional currency notes about to be issued by the Treasury Department. The ten cent notes are not by any means scarce, while the market is absolutely drugged with the nickel five, three, two and one cent pieces. We imagine the new issue is designed to confer the doubtful honor on Gen. Grant of having his likeness on the new notes. After the currency becomes ragged, greasy and worn out with its engravings almost undistinguishable, the compliment of having one's face appear to such disadvantage is decidedly questionable.

THE respectable number of surviving members of the old Democratic party in New York City are about organizing for a vigorous "reconstruction." It is proposed to flood the South with orators of that school of politics, and to hold open air demonstrations weekly at Union Square.

THOMAS POOLE, an inhuman father, has been arrested in Cincinnati, on the charge of spiriting away his son, a lad six years of age, and murdering him by starvation. The man acknowledges that the child is dead and buried, but refuses to divulge where he made the grave.

BISHOP DUGGAN, of Illinois, who started for Rome to participate in the great ceremonials was taken ill on his way thither and has since been confined to his room at Paris. He was unable to be present at Rome on the occasion of the anniversary.

CAPT. JOHN CARLILE, a well known Western boatman, died at Bunker Hill, Illinois, a few days ago. He was nearly sixty years of age and had been prominently engaged in building and commanding many of the finest boats on the Western waters.

A CURIOUS financial anomaly is witnessed in the New Orleans money market. Large denomination notes of the city currency are quoted at ten per cent. discount, and the smaller ones at five. The notes are of course equally solvent and valuable.

REV. S. R. BROCKUNIER died at Wheeling, W. V., on Tuesday. He was one of the oldest citizens there, and had been a preacher of the M. E. Church for upwards of fifty years. He was originally from Pennsylvania.

THE Michigan Constitutional Convention, in Committee of the Whole, passed a resolution in favor of negro suffrage in that State. The section passed without the least opposition.

THE number of deaths in Chicago last week was only one hundred and fifty-nine, against two hundred and twenty-two of the corresponding week last year. The health of the city is good.

LAST WEEK the cholera, according to a reliable physician's letter from Memphis, carried off on an average twenty five persons per day in that city. It is now on the decrease.

THE Petrolite Oil Works of this city uses benzole for heating purposes with perfect success.

Milwaukee and Its Prospects.

The Milwaukee *Wisconsin* has an article on the prospects of that city, from which we extract the following:

"Now the questions arise, has Milwaukee, as the commercial centre of this region, increased as rapidly in business and population as the country itself? Is it probable that she will continue so to increase in the future. By the results in the past, we are able to predict for the future. At the present and past ratio of increase, Milwaukee will contain in 1870 about ninety thousand population; in 1880 about one hundred and eighty thousand. But Milwaukee is increasing much faster even than the region upon which she depends for her support. While the population of Wisconsin, Iowa and Minnesota doubles in ten years, the business of Milwaukee quadruples in the same time. Nothing but a successive failure of crops will check this rate of increase in business, and with successive good crops it will even exceed the past.

"Our railways extend to the north-west and south of west, embracing within them nearly the whole region of which we have been speaking. Like iron arms stretched out, with hands interlocked in Central Minnesota, they clasp these fertile States securely to themselves and as their own. Considered either for itself or for the interest of the city where they centre, there is not in the United States a thousand miles of railway so fortunately located. To this consolidation and centralization of our railway system we look for a most powerful auxiliary in the development of the Northwest by the natural means to which we have alluded. Thus when energy and money are combined and untied with natural advantages and natural laws, results are predicted with certainty. Milwaukee is and must continue the metropolis of this undisputed region and therefore must become one of the great cities of the Union. In 1860 she ranked as the eighteenth city of the Union; in 1870 she will unquestionably rank as the tenth. In a race so hotly contested, even a lower rank would be honorable. But sitting here as she does at the very gateway where passes the commerce of a new empire and the surplus population of old nations; where the vast commerce of the lakes changes to the land-carriage, and the land products to the lake; with a location and climate unsurpassed upon either continent, with all these we have a right to expect and to predict a prosperous future for the Queen City of the Lakes."

The Japanese Mint.

The Japanese mint is located at Jeddo. Silver coin is only issued from it, the coinage operations being performed as follows: A silver ingot is placed in an iron spoon and melted over a coal fire, previous to being cast into a mould. From this mould the metal comes forth in thin rectangular bars, which are at once thrown into water to cool. The workman who takes them from the tub cuts off the silver splinters, which adhere to the edges, and passes them to another workman, who, with a pair of scissors, but with no system of measurement but that acquired by practice, cuts them into eight pieces, each of which is equal in value to one *ichibu*, or about thirty-one *sous*. The fragments are then weighed, the heaviest pieces being reduced to the standard weight by clipping, and the lighter ones being thrown again into the melting pot. The bars are then heated white-hot, smoothed on the sides, and carried under the die. One of the square pieces is placed upon a stationary block and a die is put upon it. A workman lifts a heavy hammer and brings it down with great force upon the upper die, and the silver bar becomes a coin. The *ichibu* is next handed over to children, who mill the edges with small stars. This operation terminated, the silver squares are weighed again, impressed with the Imperial mark, which is cut into the metal with a chisel, and put up into packages of one hundred coins. About three hundred persons are employed in the Mint, all of whom work with great regularity and amid perfect silence. In the morning the mint and workmen enter the establishment, they cast off their street garb and don garments belonging to the Government. At sunset the gong is sounded, the employees strip to the buff, loosen their hair and submit to be searched by the officials of the place. They are then directed to wash their hands, lift up their arms, drink a glass of water and shout. These proceedings having been gone through with, the workmen are allowed to resume their wearing apparel and retire for the night.

A Reformatory Village.

A Reformatory Village exists in the Punjaub District of Hindostan. An account of this village was recently given at a meeting of the Social Science Association in England by Major Hutchinson, Inspector General of Police in the Punjaub. The community was formed by collecting from other villages those who, as thieves or beggars, had rendered themselves a pest. Land was given to them, they were supplied with seeds, had wells sunk for them, and were furnished with ploughs. These provisions having been made, the men were informed that henceforth they must depend on their own exertions; and that, whether living comfortably by their industry or dying with hunger from their idleness, they would not be allowed to quit the spot where they had been placed. At first there was great grumbling, turbulence, and many threats; but when the men found that these were all in vain they gradually took to their work, and settled down into a peaceful and industrious little community. Major Hutchinson added that, at a late visit of inspection to this curious village, it was found that the inhabitants had begun to feel a pride in their cottages and allotments; that a striking alteration for the better had taken place in their general condition and appearance, and that so fully reconciled had they become to the change in their course of life that they, one and all, declared that they had no wish to return to their former career. The experiment was first suggested by Mr. E. Prinrep, in 1869 settlement officer of Sealkote, and carried out successfully by Major H. B. Urmston, who compelled a predatory tribe to settle and cultivate under penalty of the lash, and two years afterwards was invited by his reclaimed thieves, burglars and fortune-tellers to a feast on the produce of their farms.

SPEAKING of the nomination of MR. GREELEY to the Austrian Mission, the *Tribune* says:

"He could not accept this place had the alleged nomination been unanimously confirmed, intending not to leave his country at least until every State disorganized by revolt shall have been restored to her normal position in the Union—if possible, on the basis of Universal Amnesty coupled with Impartial Suffrage. On the eve of a new Presidential canvass, in so momentous an exigency, he would regard any employment that required of him a sojourn of months abroad as at best but honorable banishment. And, while he will not decline nominations that have not been tendered him, he purposes never again to be a candidate for office."

AT NEW ALBANY, Ind., a very singular and fatal disease is prevailing to some extent among the chickens. The chicken is suddenly attacked by this disease, and at the moment when the attack occurs will spring straight up into the air two or three feet and fall helpless to the ground. The head and neck is cramped and rests upon the back, and thus remains until the fowl dies, which it generally does in from five to ten minutes. The legs of the chickens attacked are also much contracted by cramp. Persons have lost as high as forty and fifty chickens by this disease in a single week. Very often from half a dozen to a dozen will be found of a morning lying dead under their roosts.

THE wits of Persia, to whom nothing is sacred, are telling a good story about the Shah of Persia. It appears that the Shah rather pooh-poohed a proposal to introduce the telegraph into his realm, and his consent was by no means hearty. When the line was completed, the Shah was at his palace of Soultanieh. Prince Ali Kouli indicted the first dispatch. It was this: "*The melons are ripe at Kaschan.*" Instantly the possible uses of this invention of the infidels flashed across the royal mind, and Ali-Kouli received this agreeable answer: "I appoint you Minister of Sciences."

The Wondrous Textile Fabrics of Hindoostan.

In the manufacture of muslin, the Hindoos surpass all other people, as they do in the manufacture of the cashmere shawl. There is a class of muslin termed "woven air," the fabric of which is so marvellously fine that the Hindoos themselves are fond of relating all kinds of strange theories respecting it.

Mr. Bolt, in his "Consideration of the Affairs of India," speaking of the Dacca muslins, says that according to report, the Emperor Aurungzebee once "was angry with his daughter for showing her skin through her clothes, whereupon the young Princess remonstrated in her justification, that she had seven *japtiths*, or suits, on; another tale was to the effect that, "in the Nabob Allaverdy Khwan's time, a weaver was chastised and turned out of the city of Dacca for his neglect in not preventing his cow from eating up a piece of 'Abrovan,' which he had spread and left upon the grass," the muslin, of course, being so fine that the animal could not see it upon the herbage.

So delicate is the manufacture of the short staple of the Dacca cotton, that it can only be woven into yarn at certain times of the day. The morning is generally so employed before the dew has left the grass; if spinning is carried on after that time, the spinner, who is always a woman under thirty years of age, spins the yarn over a pan of water, the evaporation of which affords sufficient moisture to prevent the fibres from becoming too brittle to handle. Delicate as the muslin is, it will wash, which European muslins will not. The durability of the Dacca muslin, notwithstanding its surprising fineness a piece of "evening dew," one yard wide and four yards long, only weighing 556 grains—is said to be owing to the greater number of twists given to the Dacca yarn, as compared with the finest muslin yards of England or France. The time taken to spin and weave the thread in a piece of "woven air" is very great; the reader will not, therefore, be surprised to hear that it sells at the rate of a guinea a yard.

The "Abrovan," or "Running Water," is considered the second class of muslin; "Seebanna," or "Evening Dew," is the third quality. It is so called because "woven air" is very great; the reader will not, therefore, be surprised to hear that it sells at the rate of a guinea a yard.

The "Abrovan," or "Running Water," is considered the second class of muslin; "Seebanna," or "Evening Dew," is the third quality. It is so called because when it is so fine that it can scarcely be distinguished from dew upon the grass. There are several other very fine Dacca muslins that are known by distinctive names, but the three so poetically designated are the most esteemed. The Daughters, who remove from mould from this precious material, use the juice of the amrookl plant for that purpose; and to remove other spots or stains a composition of ghee, lime and mineral alkali. There are Mohomedans who equal this in "woven air" with a skill equal to that of the Hindoostan who weaves it. For instance, it is said that an expert Rafuger, or darner, "can extract a thread twenty yards long from a piece of the finest muslin of the same fabric, and replace it with one of the finest quality." It is said that they execute their finest work under the influence of opium.

A still more exquisite and expensive work of the Indian loom is the figured muslin. A piece of this fabric measuring twenty yards, made in 1776, cost as much as £50. The splendid yet subdued effect of weaving gold and silver threads into the different fabrics made in India has never been equalled by the Europeans. Some of their silks have a sheen upon them like the breast of a pigeon, or indeed of the Impeyan pheasant. In nature we never find that even the most splendid effects offend the eye by appearing harsh. The Indian mind seems to have caught the very art there is in nature, and he uses his gold and silver with a caution, a prodigality, and an economy fitted for the occasion. The native never throws away gold where it will not be seen. Thus on the turban cloth only the end that hangs down by the neck is thus ornamented; in the waistcloth, the fringed end, &c. The gold thread is so very pure that it never tarnishes, and it washes just as well as the other threads of the garment. The thread of the precious metals is called *kulabuttun*, and is manufactured wholly by hand.

The embroidery in the woven garments in which this absolutely pure gold is employed, never tarnishes—a perfection to which European fabricators have not yet attained.

About Ballet Girls.

Olive Logan has an article in the *Galaxy*, for August, on ballet girls and others. The article is entitled "The Leg Business," and is a severe excoriation of some of the professors of the naked drama. We make a few extracts:

For the dancers of the legitimate ballet, I, who know them as a class well, have a thorough respect. They are a hard-working, ill-paid body of women, not unfrequently the sole support of entire families, and their morals, as a class, are not one whit affected by their line of business. The admiring public who sees the pretty picture they make on the stage, little knows the physical fatigue which they undergo before they can return for a few dollars a week salary from the manager, and an illiberal judgment at the hands of the audience. Few men work so hard as the ballet girl—the corypheé, who by half-past eight o'clock in the morning is at the theatre, and in gauze and silk webbing, practicing pirouettes, entrenchats, the toe-torture, and other inquisitorial exercises. I have seen these girls practice from nine o'clock in the morning until half-past twelve, almost without cessation, then take a hurried lunch, sometimes eat it while standing shivering in their thin clothing in a draughty place behind the "flats," only to begin their labor again at half-past one, and so continue till five. This is for the matinee performance; at half-past seven that of the night commences, finishing perhaps at eleven. Then comes undressing, redressing, folding and laying away their stage paraphernalia; for, even if not naturally tidy and tidiness is the rule with the ballet, exceptions rare;—these girls must, for economy's sake, be careful of their clothing. And so, long after midnight, the tired creatures, often laden with heavy bundles, creep listlessly into the street cars, to be stared at by the idle, or, even worse, drag home through the deserted streets, alone and unprotected, at the risk of being mistaken for travistas of the lower grade.

That pose into which she now throws herself with such abandon is not a vile pandering to the tastes of those giggling men in the orchestra stalls, but is an effort which, to her idea, is as loving a tribute to a beloved art as a painter's pencil touch is to him. I have seen ballet women burst into tears on leaving the stage because they had observed men laughing among themselves, rolling their eyes about, and evidently making unworthy comments on the pretty creatures before them, whose whole soul, and whose whole body, too, was for the hour lovingly given over to Terpsichore. "It is they who are bad," said Mademoiselle B. to me the other night, "it is not we."

Miss Logan gives a note from one who makes "pads" for the "artists" who have physical imperfections. These pads are made in Philadelphia. We quote:

Such little inaccuracies as knock-knees and bow-legs, trifling errata in Nature's original edition, remarkable for their frequency in the human family, especially in those misguided members of it who have rashly chosen the stage as a vocation, are nimbly rectified by the pad-professor. I saw a letter from one of these the other day, which may be worth producing here for the sake of its ludicrousness. That it is a genuine document, I pledge my word. It ran thus;

PHILADELPHIA—*Mem:* Them tites is finished; your mees will be all O K when you get them on. Bad figgers is all plaid out now they will cause 9 dollars.

Walter Scott's Manuscripts.

The original manuscripts of Sir Walter Scott's poems and several of his novels and prose works are about to be sold at auction, by order of the executors of the late Mr. Robert Cadell, of Edinburgh. They comprise "The Lady of the Lake," "Marmion," "Rokeby," "The Lord of the Isles," "Don Roderick," "The Field of Waterloo," and other Poems, "Halidon Hill," "Doom of Devorgoil," &c., with an introductory Essay on Ballad Poetry, "Auchindrane," "Anne of Geierstein," "Count Robert of Paris," "Castle Dangerous," and two volumes containing portions of Waverly, "Ivanhoe," "The Bridal of Triermain," and "Tales of a Grandfather." This portion of Ivanhoe, says the London *Publishers' Circular* is believed to be the only portion of that romance which Sir Walter Scott wrote with his own hand, as the late Mr. John Ballantyne acted as his amanuensis for a considerable part of it, owing to the author having just recovered from a severe illness. The manuscript of the "Lay of the Last Minstrel," was not preserved. All these manuscripts are remarkable for the extraordinary tiueney with which they were written, and the very few corrections or alterations occurring in them; thus affording a proof of Sir Walter Scott's wonderful facility of composition. The manuscripts are stated to be all in a perfect state of preservation, and uniformly bound in Russia, with uncut edges.

—The Greenville (S. C.) *Enterprise* comes to us with a $1,000 Confederate Bond wrapper around it.—*Houston (Texas) Telegraph.*

GENERAL NEWS.

—Rev. Dr. Chapin has gone to Maine.

—General Hancock has returned to St. Louis.

—An evil habit is never conquered by yielding to it.

—The best capital to begin life with is a capital wife.

—Brigham Young, Jr., and suite have gone to Massachusetts.

—If a horse says neigh when you offer him oats, he don't mean it.

—The richer man makes his food, the poorer he makes his appetite.

—Santa Ana, not Anna, is the correct spelling of the old gentleman's name.

—The great centre of happiness is something to hope for and something to love.

—General Samuel Chandler, of 1812 memory, died in Lexington, Mass., recently.

—The Buffalonians boast that they have consumed 3,50,000 quarts of strawberries this season.

—Why is the bridegroom better than the bride? Because she is given away, and he is sold.

—A colored man in Syracuse, 107 years old, is going to Virginia to lay his bones on the old plantation.

—A Rockland, Me., paper proposes Major Wm. A. Richardson, of Illinois, as a candidate for the Presidency.

—Red noses are like lighthouses to warn voyagers on the sea of life off the coast of Malaga, Jamacia, Santa Cruz, and Holland.

—Mr. Raymond is the only editor of any of the New York morning newspapers who has gone to Europe this summer, or propose to go.

—Frederick Bakeman, a resident of the village of Freedom, in Cattaraugus Co., celebrated his one hundred and seventh birthday on the 4th inst.

—A curiosity seeker at the Paris exhibition has found some Danish artillery of the middle of the eighteenth century, and among it several breech-loaders.

—Among the latest arrivals at Saratoga are two young ladies from Havana, known as the "charms of Cuba," and wearing diamonds to the value of $250,000.

—In a London paper is advertised for sale "a manuscript copy of the Holy Bible, written in a neat, legible hand, by an old gentleman seventy seven years old, and eighteen a year, and how to be disposed of for the benefit of his family."

—A prominent speculator in tax titles in Chicago has been arrested upon the instance of a colored servant, who makes oath that the white speculator is responsible for a "young American" who is colored in not preventing his cow from eating up a piece of 'Abrovan,' which he had spread and left upon the grass," the muslin, of course, being so fine that the animal could not see it upon the herbage.

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—The heirs of Solomon Ingraham are to meet in New York on July 24th to make final arrangements to get possession of the property in England, that property being no less a prize than the land on which stands the thriving city of Leeds. The property is valued at $50,000,000.

—A new style of steam carriage appeared in Boston a few days ago. It was a light open buggy, carrying two men, and had no visible means of locomotion save a slight apparatus under the box. The vehicle came along a street car track just behind a horse car; but when the car stopped the buggy was turned aside and passed by the car, and was guided as easily as if a horse had been attached.

—The King of Prussia, it is announced, intends to transform the Castle of the Hohenzollern, which has been the seat of his family for over a thousand years. Curiously enough, the king of Prussia has never seen his ancestral seat. During the early part of the century, the castle was a romantic ruin, but some ten years ago it was restored and furnished throughout in the style of the middle ages.

—A Boston clergyman, who believes in amusements if properly conducted, says it is quite curious to note how many of our people have attended the circus the past week, only because they wanted to "please the children," but still more curious to observe how few in numerous instances it has taken two or three able bodied men, with as many strong women, to look after one darling little boy or girl.

—In Texas, a few days ago, an old lady named Metcalf attempted to walk to a neighbor's, but took the wrong road, and while approaching the house of a man named Simpson, for the purpose of resting, was attacked by a pack of savage dogs, which bit her in several places, tore one arm from her body, and nearly eat up her breast and neck, causing death in a few minutes. She was nearly a hundred years old.

—A San Francisco paper asserts that the first white explorers in Oregon found a tradition among all the Indians of that region that a vessel, which from the description is supposed to have been a Chinese junk, was once found embedded in the mud of the Columbia river. Here is the chance for the antiquarians. Let them put in a claim for the earliest discovery of the Continent, and fight it out on that line with the Royal Society of Copenhagen.

—Six vessels are now loading at Richmond, Va., with tobacco for European ports; two of them are for London, two for Liverpool, one for Bremen and one for Rotterdam. A vessel is also loading with flour for Brazil. This looks as if the commercial affairs of that city are beginning to look up. During the year ending with June the exports of Richmond amounted to $20,747, and last fall to $30,000 to $40,000. The exports consisted principally of tobacco and flour.

—A negro soldier, a private of one of the West India regiments, which are composed entirely of blacks, officered by whites, has just received the "Victoria Cross" for bravery in the field. This is the first instance in which such a distinction has been conferred on a colored soldier in the British service. The presentation of the "Cross," which took place at Balize, was attended with a good deal of ceremony, the Governor of the colony of British Honduras taking a part in the proceedings.

—A young gentleman, or an elderly one, we dismember which, the other evening paid his addresses to a young lady for some time, "popped the question;" the lady, in a frightened manner, exclaimed, "You scare me, sir!" The gentleman did not wish to frighten the lady, and consequently remained quiet for some time, when she exclaimed: "Scare me again!" We did not learn how affairs turned out, but should think that it was pretty near his turn to be scared.

—It is rumored that the French Government, in order to disprove as promptly as possible the charges implying that it should be held responsible for the sanguinary *denouement* of the Mexican drama, intends publishing documents which have been suppressed up to the present writing. These documents, it is averred, will show that every effort was made to induce Maximilian to quit Mexico when Marshal Bazaine left the country, but that all attempts were rendered powerless by the intrigues of the Mexican clerical party.

—The war of the Russians in Central Asia continues, though it is extremely difficult to obtain trustworthy information concerning it. The latest dispatches from Bokhara state that the Russians stormed an encampment of the Kahn of Bokhara and obtained a great victory. Embassadors from Bokhara to the British Government in India have made the greatest efforts to secure the support of Great Britain against the Russians, but, of course, without success. The victories of the Russians in Central Asia, and the progress of the French in Cochin China, only serve to make the English eager for extending their boundary in further India. There is a report that Great Britain will soon annex the Kingdom of Burmah.

Eccentricities of Fashion

The London *Journal* says: The costume of the fashionable Londoner just now is a marvel, and it is very difficult for those of us whom the conversion of the Tories to household suffrage has not yet prepared for any change, not to break forth into laughter when we see the fair creatures who lately occupied the whole of the pavement when walking singly, now walking six abreast in garments suggestive of brighton bathing machines rather than the London streets. They have shrunk up almost to a line, which, as mathematicians tell us, has length but no breadth—always excepting the coiffures. It is quite possible now for a woman to be in one street and her chignon in the next. For once the eccentricities of female attire are being copied by the men. They, too, have adopted the swathing system; and one sees nether garments now that are not only inexpressible but inexplicable. How their wearers get into them, how by any process except bandaging these wonderful appendages are crammed is a marvel. As to buts there is a race going on just now between the dandies and our fine ladies, to see which can wear the smallest headdress. Next year we shall be compelled to raise all our doowaysin order to admit the steeples that will then be in fashion, for it is ever the custom of fools to rush into extremes.

FIRST EDITION.

MIDNIGHT.

THE SURRATT TRIAL.

Evidence Not Yet Concluded.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, July 24, 1867.

Francis C. Speight, a police captain in New York, testified that Dr. Bissell, who had given evidence for the defence, had a bad reputation for truth.

Other witnesses testified to the same.

Col. James B. Stewart testified that on the night of the assassination he followed Booth out of the theatre; the sky was then lightening up and had the appearance of moonshine; it was light enough to see persons at a distance. At twenty minutes past ten the moon was rising; there were no heavy clouds at eleven, and the moon was up sufficient to reflect a more decided light.

Major A. E. Richards, Superintendent of police, testified that Weichman was not arrested on April 15th or 16th, 1865. McDevitt had a conversation on the propriety of arresting him, and it was decided not to let him know he was under arrest, but at the same time he was not to be allowed to escape us. We wanted to use him and indirectly keep our eyes on him.

Michael Mitchel, testified that Dr. Mudd's reputation for truth and veracity was good.

Alfred Freckle and Alexander Burnet, residing at Montreal, testified to St. Marie's reputation for truth and veracity.

Several witnesses testified to Cleaver's good character for veracity.

L. B. Rose, a young man five feet seven inches high, dark complexion, and black moustache, was called, and the prisoner was asked to stand up beside him in order that the jury might see them together.

Several witnesses testified to the good character of Susan Jackson.

Several witnesses testified to the good reputation of John Lee.

Other witnesses, from Waverly, New York, testified that Dr. Bissell's reputation for truth and veracity was bad.

The defence introduced a number of witnesses from Ink on, Maryland, who swore to the good reputation of Stephen F. Cameron.

The testimony for the prosecution was resumed.

Professor Harlane, of the National Observatory, testified that the moon rose on the night of April 14th, 1865, at nine o'clock; was full at 10:30; sky clear from 9 to 10:30, when I stopped work, as the sky was hazy and foggy after that see.

Additional evidence to the good character of Cameron was introduced by the defense, and the Court adjourned till to-morrow.

FROM HAVANA,

The Cuban Treasury Empty—Gen. Prim Charged With Complicity in the Recent Revolutionary Movements—Advices From South America and Mexico, &c.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, July 24.—The steamer Columbia brings Havana advices to the 20th.

The Cuban Treasury was in poor condition, no sum of any consequence had been paid.

It was reported that General Prim was no stranger to the recent outbreak in Porto Rico. "Prim, Viva los Insurgentes," "Viva Gen. Prim, Viva La Republica" The Cuban government was taking measures which indicated a fear of some movement of a revolutionary character.

The yellow fever at Havana is quite bad, though less malignant.

Sugars are dull.

Advices from St. Thomas say it is generally believed that the United States will succeed in acquiring the island for a coaling station.

A coal mine has been discovered at San Cristobal, St. Domingo.

Southern settlers in British Honduras have selected two places for residences, to be called Post Austin and Buena Vista. Large inducements are offered to emigrants.

Failures in Jamaica are increasing, and money is scarce and exorbitant.

Advices from Columbia to the 28th of June, state that Gen. Lopez had raised some forces and taken the field against President Mosquera, who was contending with much opposition in the interior.

Measures were being taken to assassinate Mosquera, who was confined to the Observatory Building for safety.

The Assembly of the State of Cauca had declared Mosquera's authority and threatened to withdraw from the Union. Troops were being collected to enforce the will of the majority.

The blockade of Santa Martha had been declared illegal by the United States, and the people of Carthagena were arming with a view to insurrection. The foreign Consuls had also declared the blockade illegal.

The steamer Columbia had captured a small vessel with arms and ammunition for the Government of Maguna and taken it to Cartagena.

General Lopez, with four hundred men, took the Banco square, guarded by only seventy men, by storm, on the 28th. A few were killed during the fight.

Advices from Mexico to the 12th, state that Maximilian's late Chamberlain was executed, also Salas, Andrade, Arellano, father Fisher and others. General Vidourri and Colonel Relone were reported shot. Orozco was found in a wooden box and executed by a file of musketeers of Mexico tendered a spontaneous loan of half a million to Gen. Diaz.

Candidates for election are published. For President, Juarez; for Judge of Supreme Court, Tejada.

The bodies of Maximilian, Miramon and Mejia were embalmed.

FROM NEW ORLEANS,

The Levee Convention—Mexican News.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW ORLEANS, July 24.—The Levee Convention appointed a committee to call on General Sheridan and see what can be done for Redemption of levees. The Convention then adjourned *sine die*.

Mexican news via Brownsville to the 15th inst., has been received, but mostly anticipated.

Escobedo has been placed in command of the army and Juarez is announced as a candidate for re-election to the Presidency.

FROM BUFFALO,

Alleged Lottery Swindler Discharged —Wheat Contracts.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

BUFFALO, July 24.—Hon. C. A. Peck, charged with complicity in swindling an insurance company of six thousand dollars, was discharged from custody.

Many farmers of Niagara county have contracted to deliver new crop Amber wheat to Lockport millers at two dollars per bushel.

The weather is fine. Rain is wanted for the growing crops.

New York Constitutional Convention.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

ALBANY, July 24.—In the Constitutional Convention a proposition to give suffrage to all male citizens of eighteen years, was rejected, as also were propositions to compel voters to be able to read and write after 1870, and another looking to female suffrage and restricted negro suffrage.

ALBANY, July 24.—In the Constitutional Convention the amendment to the suffrage report, disfranchising deserters and persons who left the state to avoid the draft, was rejected. The provision disfranchising those who voluntarily engaged in the rebellion against the United States, until pardoned by the President or Governor, was adopted.

Destructive Fire—Cricket Match.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CINCINNATI, July 24.—The large 60ft manufactory of Crane, Reed & Co., at the foot of Eighth street, was consumed by fire last night. The loss is from $75,000 to $100,000. Insured for about two-thirds of the amount of the loss.

The cricket match between the Thames Club of Chatham, Canada, and the Union Club, of this city, began yesterday. Two innings were played—Union scoring fifty-four and the Thames twenty-two. The game will be resumed to-day.

Rations Discontinued.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

RICHMOND, July 24.—General Brown has issued an order discontinuing rations to the destitute, authorized by the Congressional appropriation Fund, after the 20th of August.

The Hastings Court sent their reply to General Schofield to-day. Its tenor is not made public.

Brutal Murder.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

SPRINGFIELD, MASS., July 24.—Mr. Gowing, a farmer residing at Ascutneyville, Vermont, and his wife, were murdered on Monday night by a Frenchman, a former employee of Mr. Gowing's, who beat their brains out with an axe. The murder was committed for money, but how much was obtained is not known.

Pic Nic Attacked by Rowdies.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, July 24.—A shameful attack was made yesterday by a number of rowdies in Williamsburg, on a German pic-nic party, twenty-five in number. Three of the scoundrels were arrested. Several of the germans were much injured.

Counterfeiters Arrested.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, July 24.—The *Herald's* Cincinnati special says: Italian counterfeiters were arrested to-day while in the act of moulding five-cent pieces. They had superb dies and machinery, and several bushels of spurious coins.

Day of Execution Designated.

HARRISBURG, July 24.—Gov. Geary has designated August 28th for the execution of Charles Chase *alias* Witter, convicted of the murder of Elizabeth McDonald.

General Grant is expected here on Friday, on his way to Doubleday Gap springs.

Gen. Grant for President.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, July 24.—At a meeting of the Union Republican General Committee, last evening, General Grant was nominated for the next Presidency, subject to the decision of the Republican National Convention.

Old Veteran Dead.

SAVANNAH, July 24.—W. C. Wyly, one of the most respected citizens, a veteran of 1812, died last night.

SECOND EDITION.

FOUR O'CLOCK, A. M.

IMPORTANT FROM EUROPE.

English Reform Bill Progress.

ENGLISH CHURCH RITES ABOLISHED.

Fenian Prisoners Become Insane.

MAZZINI JOINS GARIBALDI IN THE MOVEMENT ON ROME.

The Arch-Duchess Carlotta.

NAPOLEON'S LITTER OF CONDOLENCE TO THE AUSTRIAN EMPEROR.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

ENGLAND.

REFORM BILL ON SECOND READING.

LONDON, July 24.—In the House of Lords last night the debate on the Reform Bill was resumed. At its conclusion a motion for the second reading of the bill was carried.

CHURCH RITES ABOLISHED.

The House of Commons passed the bill for the abolition of church rites, &c.

SIR MORTON PETO'S LIABILITIES.

It is said the liabilities of Sir Morton Peto amount to ten millions sterling. His assets will not exceed £300,000.

FENIAN PRISONERS INSANE.

It is reported on the authority of Lord Naas, Chief Secretary for Ireland, that two of the Fenian prisoners, now awaiting trial in Dublin, have become insane.

DENMARK.

THE NORTH-SCHLESWIG QUESTION.

COPENHAGEN, July 24—*Evening.*—The Danish government has intimated to Prussia its willingness to give guaranties for the protection of the German inhabitants of North Schleswig, but demands information as to the nature of the guaranties required by the Prussian C

The Pittsburgh Gazette

THURSDAY, JULY 25, 1867.

THE TRUE GENTLEMAN.

Very many make a mistake as to the characteristic of a true gentleman or lady. In determining the matter the heart, the motives, are entirely left out of the account. External appearance only is considered; and even if this is the determining quality many will be found wanting. Many seem to consider it necessary to make special efforts to show others of inferior means, and in their opinion, position, their own superior wealth and standing. Their disdainful manner is everywhere seen. Servants and employes see and feel it. Often their newly assumed honors sit as awkwardly on them as an English dress on an African savage. We are reminded by them of the gay peacock with its feathers widely spread, attractive, capacious, but with a body no larger and less useful than many modest and more unassuming birds who occupy less space and make less noise to attract others. The Great Author of all things has wisely ordered that there should be differences in every species and variety of every department of nature. Beauty of form or color does not necessarily imply superiority. The modest grasses in point of utility rival the tulips, the potato the magnolia, the homely camels the haughty leopard, the ill striped turkey the so-called king of birds. One object may be prized for its natural beauty or artificial adornment; another for its intrinsic worth. But the possessor of knowledge, beauty, or wealth—however any of these may be acquired—will not, if a true gentleman, by his manner or words, cause the ignorant, ill-shaped, or poor, to feel their inferiority and to be unhappy. They will exhibit no hauteur, no patronizing air. We like to see a child possessing a toy he cannot part with, conceal it from another who would be rendered unhappy by the thought that he could not have a similar one. So we like to see that disposition which leads one possessing every luxury and appliance of wealth not act or speak of them so as to render others unhappy by the contrast. There is a spirit of kindness and love characterizing the true gentleman and lady. Such persons do not by their haughty manner say see me with all my means of happiness, which you, poor mortals, cannot have. They have no secret rejoicings that others cannot have what they are enjoying; rather regret and sorrow. Their style of speaking to all in their employ and to all whom they know is suited to inspire confidence in them, and to convey no idea of felt pre-eminence, and this manner begets in the poor, toiling and unfortunate masses openness of look a feeling of self-respect and not of degradation and servility. The plantation slave and the penitentiary convict show this look. This lordly and overbearing acting and speaking are, perhaps, shown more plainly by the shoddy Americans than by any people in the world. Often they are without intelligence, without culture, and without kindness of heart. As the lowest man often makes the severest master, so he raised suddenly from poverty to wealth is ambitious to make others feel and know who and what he is—a rich man—and too often nothing more. If people possessed a true love for men, and a desire to render them happy and knew how much good they might do, every day of life, without expense of time or money, they would by their words and manner give assurance and comfort to the poor and unfortunate, and cause them to feel as little as possible their hard lot. Here it is the true gentleman and lady show themselves. They do not depend on elegant dress and grace of motion. Kindness of manner and love for all are theirs. He who is afraid, on the street or in the parlor, to acknowledge a poor acquaintance, a relative or fellow-member of the same church, simply because in his opinion it would affect his standing in the estimation of others, shows great weakness of character, consciousness of want of merit, and a soul ignorant of the relations it sustains to others. He is not a true, a noble man; but one of the lower, cheaper sort.

SPEAK KINDLY TO THE CHILD.

It may be your child, it may be the child of some one else; it is somebody's child. The fact that it is a child is enough. It is susceptible of great joy or great sorrow; capable of doing great good or great evil. It is a child now; if spared it *will* be a man or a woman, and these kind or unkind words or acts are moulding the heart, forming the countenance and making the man or woman, what he or she is to be. Besides, the present may be all the season of enjoyment he may ever have in this life. Let him have this period at least to enjoy in semblance again and again in life. Let this be a sunny period. "The heart," it is said, "like flowers needs sunshine to bloom in." The light and heat of the sun are necessary to give life and beauty to the flower. So the human heart and mind have the warmth and joy of kindness and love to cheer and invigorate and to give them beauty. But alas, how many countenances do we see which tell of the absence of all love and kindness. Sadness and sorrow are even in childhood deeply engraven in every lineament of the face. There is no evidence that the sunshine of kindness has ever beamed on them. Darkness and coldness are within. That heart might be quickened into warmth and love, and that countenance into beauty and sweetness. Whose heart has not ached as he has seen the child beaten on the street, it may be by mother or father, whose relations should force them to an opposite course? Who has not had his soul fired with indignation as he has seen the giant man driving home with a rod a little sobbing child? Who has not heard in evening's dusk the blows fall on the infant and heard for many hours its piteous cries when suffering from pain and the feeling that it had no friend or comforter? And then, in this way, the child is taught to be cruel to other children, and hence the severities we see on the streets which give pain to the passer-by. We speak of progress in abolishing corporeal punishment in our schools, while one may name hundreds using the rod, upon those under his care. Let the evil, sore and deep, be abolished at home. Love and cherish your child. Deal kindly with it. He is not the cause of your hardships and your sorrows. Visit not on him your misfortunes and it may be your vices. Treat him kindly and lovingly and he will be your greatest joy; the light and life of the household. Drive him not away by your severity, and cause him not to feel in all the future that he, when a child, had no place deserving the name of home.

THE JULY REPORT of the Statistical Bureau of the Treasury Department shows the declared value of the imports into all the customs districts of the United States for the four months ending May 31st, was $112,734,704, of which there was entered for consumption $76,169,082; entered for warehouse, $66,565,622. The imports for the month of May were $26,531,291; April, $29,220,717; March, $31,330,450; February, $25,642,246; January, $27,913,337. Some of the details of imports for the four months ending May 31, are as follows:—Gold and silver coin and bullion, $3,256,051; coffee, $7,865,348; manufactures of cotton, $10,161,763; earthen, stone and chinaware, $2,011,935; manufactures of flax, $5,435,516; glass, and manufactures of, $1,496,214; hemp, and manufactures of, $1,390,174; hides and skins, $5,050,638; jute, cocoa and other grass fibres, and manufactures of, $1,398,132; india rubber, $1,140,760; iron and steel, and manufactures of, including hardware, $8,776,687; lead and manufacture of, $1,163,043; manufactures of silk $5,310,740; soda, $1,745,535; sugar and molasses, $23,068,820; tea, $7,619,684; tin, and manufactures of, $3,370,755; wines, spirits and cordials, $1,819,119; wool, and manufactures of, $14,005,564. These values are in gold.

The exports of domestic commodities for the four months ending May 31st were in value $183,977,816, as declared by the exporters. For May they were $41,312,983; April, $46,445,540; March, $51,675,753; February, $44,543,040; January, $40,838,396. The principal articles for the four months ending May 31st were: Breadstuffs, $12,334,828; cotton, $108,695,573; manufacturers of cotton, $1,620,154; gold and silver coin, $9,116,742; gold and silver bullion, $10,311,403; iron and manufactures of, including hardware, $1,251,607; lumber and manufactures of wood, $4,975,543; coal oils and petroleum, $5,311,335; whale and other fish oils, $1,068,592; provisions and tallow, $9,236,063; tobacco and manufactures of, $3,964,139. These values are in currency, except exports of spice and exports of the Pacific coast, which are in gold.

During the four months ending May 31st there were exported of foreign commodities once imported into the country in value $8,925,782, of which $6,746,411 was from warehouse and in gold. The balance was not from warehouse and in currency. The warehouse report shows that there remained in warehouse on May 31st, 1867, commodities to the value of $38,420,004. Of the products of the American fisheries there was received into the United States for the five months ending May 31st, $3,022,028, and exported for the same period of five months, $1,423,570.

ITEMS.

—Sir Morton Peto is on his last legs, socially, in London.

—There is a laundry near Paris which washes 40,000 pieces a day.

—A Kentuckian has sold his peach crop for fourteen thousand dollars.

—England imports 50,000 pounds of oculus Indicus annually to drug its beer.

—The Free Will Baptists are to set up a college in Randolph, Indiana, on the Miscellaneous principle of Oberlin.

—In view of Cameron's success over Forney and Stevens, the New York *Herald* suggests him as a Vice President.

—A clergyman in New London is accused of jilting a young lady. His name is Bell, and he refused to ring the belle.

—If Juarez and Escobedo had no apologists in Congress they would be outlawed by the entire civilized world.—*N. Y. Times.*

—Lord Nelson's body was preserved in a cask of whisky. He was in good spirits a whole month after his death.—Prentice.

—A German in New Orleans has fought three duels in twelve months, and is preparing for his fourth. He is a promiscuous blade.

—A New York clergyman has been brought to answer the charge of smoking cigars. Tobacco there is heterodox as well as narcotic.

—One of the liabilities of a bankrupt bank director, in New Orleans, was fifteen thousand dollars for sundries furnished to a young widow.

—King William of Prussia is occupying his royal leisure in writing his own memoirs. He may thank Bismarck for having so much to write about.

—Major General Howard, through the Freedmen's Bureau, reports the crops of Tennessee this year to be the best and largest ever raised in that State.

—The Germans in Philadelphia drank enough beer to float the Dunderburg during their singing match—about 2,223 kegs, and yet came not to lager-heads.

—It is stated that there are 50,000 Unitarians in Hungary—the oldest body of the denomination in the world, probably. They now desire correspondence with American churches.

—The Atlanta *Era* says that "from all the lights before us, we are perfectly satisfied that Georgia will go thirty thousand for reconstruction, the articles of Ben. H. Hill to the contrary notwithstanding."

—An ex-member of Congress and an insurance agent had a lively fight of forty rounds in St. Louis the other day. Two roughs separated them from each, and from their watches and pocketbooks at the same time.

—A Boston paper administers the following snub: "A local correspondent asks, 'Which is the best time to marry?' If you must add to the ills, good sir, the best time is when you can. Arrange with a congenial female any, and go in."

—In one of the Boston gymnasiums, where nearly all the members are from the sedentary walks of life, there are sixteen who can lift 600 pounds, forty who lift 700, thirty-six who lift 800, twelve who lift 900, two who lift 1,000, and one who lifts 1,220 pounds. One young man, eighteen years old, lifts 500 pounds. Several ladies lift 500 pounds, and one raises 750.

A Queer Transaction.

On Friday last, as our readers will remember, Representative Norman B. Judd, of Illinois, introduced in the House a resolution giving "a prominent place in the old Hall of Representatives, for the stone from the tomb of Servius Tullius, sent here a year ago, by the people of Rome, to commemorate the virtues of Abraham Lincoln."

The fact that such a stone has been sent was not known by a dozen members, and when the resolution had been adopted, and the day's session was over, Mr. Judd was overwhelmed with interrogatories. It appears that the stone arrived in Washington some ten months ago, and was sent by the State Department, to which it had been consigned, to the White House. It lay in front of the Executive Mansion for several weeks, during which time it was relieved by servants of its boxing. It was then taken inside, subsequently carried into the cellar, and finally placed (for safe keeping, it is presumed,) in one of the coal bunkers adjoining the furnace room. Its inscription was seen by a prying visitor, copied, and shown to Mr. Judd, who subsequently saw the stone. The resolution of Congress concerning it was presented to the President on Saturday morning, but the latest report says that it has not yet been *found(?)* The warmest friends of Mr. Johnson admit that the most charitable supposition places him in a very awkward position.

A NEWLY married couple from New York, who had been visiting some relatives near Fentonville, Michigan, were being driven in to take the cars a few days ago. When within a short distance of the railroad crossing they discovered the train rapidly approaching. The team was urged forward at a furious rate, and the track nearly reached when the bride became so much alarmed at the almost certain destruction awaiting them, that she sprang from the carriage. The momentum received from the flying team threw her off her feet, and she fell directly across the track, while the ponderous engine was drawing fearfully near. With admirable presence of mind, she, instead of attempting to rise, threw her body around parallel with the track, and rolled off to one side, and safely rolled out of the way. Picking herself up, she started for the depot, some thirty rods distant, and arrived there in time to take the train.

MILES O'REILLY alludes as follows to the late General Meagher's wife: "How noble a wife she has been—with what fidelity of warm devotion she has clung to the varying fortunes of her brilliant but erratic lord—only those could tell whose lips must remain silent under the seal of social relationship. Reared in luxury, and as much flattered and followed for her beauty as Meagher had been in earlier days for his genius and gift of eloquence, she never faltered in her allegiance to the exile who reached his highest fortune when he won her heart. Whither he went she followed; his people became indeed her people, and his God she made her God. We dare not write more upon this branch of the subject, though we write from an overflowing heart, and have many thoughts surging upward and clamoring for expression."

A GYPSY FUNERAL.—A singular trait of the Gypsies is reported by the Dayton *Journal*. It seems that some years ago a negro named Stanley, the king of the tribe in this country, was buried in great state in the Woodland Cemetery. Since then, no matter where a member of the tribe in this country has died, the remains have been conveyed to the same place for interment. Last fall and winter four children of the tribe died in Texas, and the remains were sent to the vault in Woodland, until a sufficient delegation from the tribe could be gathered to celebrate the ceremonies properly. The Dayton *Journal* speaks very well of the conduct of the Gypsies in that neighborhood.

PERSONAL.

—Gen. Sherman says of Walrussia: "Give 'em seven millions more to take it back, and be thankful to get off so cheap."

—Mr. Romero, the Mexican Minister at Washington, will take, it is said, the post of Minister of State in the Juarez Cabinet.

—Rev. Samuel Longfellow has been engaged to preach six months by Theodore Parker's society. He will begin in the early autumn.

—Rev. J. Edward Bell, of the First Baptist Church, New London, Conn., is under ecclesiastical trial for plagiarism and obtaining money under false pretences.

—Mrs. Lander will appear next winter as the English rival of Ristori under the management of Mr. Pugh, of Philadelphia. Mrs. Lander is now at Lynn, Mass., and is said to be worth $100,000.

—The visit of Mr. Cave, the member of the English Parliament who is being lionized just now, is understood to be in connection with the interests of the Western railroads in which he is a stockholder.

—Col. T. T. Gantt, of St. Louis, has presented to the Mercantile Library of that City an autograph letter of General Jackson to Hon. G. W. Campbell (then Minister to Russia), written in 1818, and giving an account of the capture of Pensacola.

—It is expected that Hon. H. L. Grigsby, of Norfolk, who was a class-mate at William and Mary College with Jefferson when Virginia was a colony under the British Crown, and who was a member of the Convention of 1776, will be one of the speakers at the erection of the Jefferson statue at Charlottesville, Va., October 7th.

—The Princess Salm-Salm, who has become illustrious by her courage and energy during the late days of Maximilian, was some months with the Army of the Potomac, in which her husband was Colonel of a New York regiment. Since the war they had been in somewhat straightened circumstances, occupying for some time a single room in East Houston street, New York, as parlor, bedroom and kitchen.

—Mr. Seymour, who is about to leave the New York *Times* to enter the New York publishing house of Scribner & Co., has for a number of years been one of the most valued of the editorial corps of that journal. He is the correspondent whose report of Mr. Wade's "agrarian" speech has raised such a controversy lately—the first, it is said, in which Mr. Seymour has ever been involved.

—Wm. H. Greene, the alleged wife poisoner, has escaped from confinement at Litchfield, Connecticut. The offer of $100 for his recapture is accompanied by the following description: "Greene wears a sandy wig, thin face, front teeth false, about fifty years of age; wears a black felt stove-pipe hat, black frock coat, fashionable striped pants and vest alike, with stripes on seam; patch on one boot with wide bottom."

—Mr. Motley writes from Vienna, July 1st, that his letter of recall had been delivered to the Emperor, and he was to leave the next day for Zurich. His family will pass the summer in Switzerland, and he will go to London to superintend the publication of the two concluding volumes of his History of the Netherlands. The health of his daughter will probably cause him to pass the coming winter in Italy.

THE YOUTHFUL bard who recited yesterday, in the Shakespeare Theatre, his prize poem on "Marie Antoinette," missed the chance of a very touching passage. An aged ecclesiastic presented himself a week ago at the Cathedral of Avignon, and asked if an old black chasuble, which he described minutely, was still in existence. The sacristan recognized the robe by the particulars given, and produced it from the vestry, whereupon his visitor, in a transport of veneration, quite incomprehensible to the official, pressed the threadbare garments to his lips, and let fall tears upon it. Was it a relic overlooked? The holy coat of Treves mislaid? The sacristan was puzzled beyond measure at this devotion for a donewith garb, which was too soiled and tattered for any more service. Laying aside the chasuble with loving care as if it were cloth of gold, the old priest explained that he had made it out of the last dress which Marie Antoinette had worn at the Conciergerie. In this silk that pale, brave lady, whose chief fault was that she was a Queen, had prayed her last prayer, and the memory of one faithful heart, at least, had outlived the silk. So, after all, human love and devotion can stand wear and tear as well as the thread spun by a woman.—*London Telegraph.*

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Swayne's "All-Healing Ointment,"

"Cures Itch in from 12 to 18 hours."

Prepared only by Dr. Swayne & Son, Philadelphia.

Sold by M'CLARAN & M'KENNAN, 85 Market street, and O'NEILL & WOOD 43, JOS. FLEMING, 84 Market street, A. TOLBERT, cor. 4th and Market sts., Pittsburgh; EAKIN & DRUIT, Allegheny.

jy26:1013TTS

GIVE NATURE A LIFT.

People exp ct too much of Nature. They tride with their health and their constitutions, and then are surprised that they fall sick. The pressure of constant mental or bodily labor, upon the animal powers, is tremendous. Very few systems and conditions can bear up against this pressure unassisted. Add to this the unhealthy influences which lurk unseen in the air we breathe, the water we drink, the lassitude produced at this season by the change from the fire of fall to the warmth of spring, and it would seem to require additional strength vigor to keep in perfect health without reinforcing the physical energies. But how reinforce them? Certainly not with adulterated stimulants. There is no poison in the outer air, or in the atmospheres of furnace-heated rooms, or work-shops, or factories, so pernicious as I odor deadly burning fluids. Why use them, when

HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS,

a vegetable tonic without a foe, are everywhere often unable? Nothing has ever been offered to the public and each invigorating effects as they, unassisted, HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS, in the arm and the nerve, in new active health, and in regard to the young, rich and poor. Use and as a PROTECTIVE and CURATIVE MEDICINE, with most gratifying results.

PINUS CANADENSIS.

A tree which is abundant in Canada, Nova Scotia, and the more northern parts of the New England States, and is also found in the elevated and mountainous regions of the Middle States, and abounds in medicinal virtues. Dr. Swett, of Boston, has prepared a medicine from the sweet inside bark of the pine tree, called PINUS CANADENSIS, which is one of rare value in all debilitated states of the kidneys. It acts like a charm in all diseases of mucous membranes, enabling them to retain their lost tone and energy. It will be found well adapted to all those diseases, where Buchu has been tried and failed. It is therefore well suited to chronic coughs, and as a infallible specific for old and debilitated cases of asthma. Many persons who at first only took a bottle of this medicine, to try, afterwards came back and got a dozen, or half dozen, which effected radical cures of diseases of the bladder and kidney of years standing.

Diabetes, a disease that has been looked upon as among the incurables, is immediately relieved by it. Notice the certificate of Asa Goodnow, published some time ago.

The *United States Dispensatory*, speaking of the pine, says: "It is prescribed in hemorrhages, pleurisy, and other diseases of the urinary passages; in piles and other complaints arising from relaxation of the bowels, in chronic catarrhal affections, and in various forms of rheumatism. It is exceedingly valuable in all gravely affections, bloody urine, and where there is red and white sediment. It can be taken with strong intermixtures to one's usual avocations, and instead of sickening, or causing a debilitating, leaden power of endurance and vigor. Full directions for use accompany each bottle. For sale by YOLAND'S WHITE PINE COMPOUND, and for sale by the proper dozen or single bottle, at DR. KEYSER'S Green Medicine store, 100 Wood street.

jy26

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WM. BINGHAM, Jr., Adams Express Office, 54 Fifth Street, is an authorized Agent to receive Advertisements for the GAZETTE, and all other papers throughout the United States and the Canadas.

ROBINSON BROTHERS,

Bankers,

No. 78 FOURTH STREET, Pittsburgh.

Convert 7-30's, free of charge, upon favorable terms. They have continually on hand all kinds of

U. S. BONDS.

And are prepared to buy and sell Railroad Bonds of Stocks, Bank, Gas and Bridge Stocks; Mortgages on Real Estate, Land Warrants, &c.

WANTED—In the counties of Butler, Beaver, Lawrence, Mercer and Washington. Interest allowed on Time Deposits.

PRODUCE.

50 bbls. "Jersey" Potatoes;
35 b xes " Peaches;
5 bbls. Cucumbers;
25 " Apples;
5 " Fresh Pears;

Received this day and for sale by

PETZER & ARMSTRONG,
corner Market and First streets.

jy25

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

ST. PETER'S PROTESTANT EPISCOPAL CHURCH, corner of Diamond and Grant Streets.

This Church will be re-opened on SUNDAY, July 28th, services at 10½ a. m. and 7½ p. m.

jy25:o4

KEMMERER'S

SECOND JUVENILE CONCERT

Will be given on FRIDAY EVENING, July 26, at PEOPLE'S HALL, Allegheny City, and opposite from St. Clair Street Bridge, assisted by many of the former participants on the 20th of June. Tickets, 25 cents; children 15 cents.

jy25:o7

LOTS FOR SALE.—FIVE DESIRABLE BUILDING LOTS, 66 by 264 feet, situated in the VILLAGE OF WILKINSBURG, are surrounded by a 6 foot street, comprising one square in the plan of said village, and lie within three minutes walk of the Station on the Pennsylvania Railroad. Will be sold together or singly. For particulars inquire of ELL TORRANCE, on the premises, or at the residence of the late DR. JAS. CAROTHERS, Wilkinsburg.

jy26:o3

ENGLISH AND GERMAN

JOB PRINTING,

Neatly and promptly executed, by

ERRETT, ANDERSON & CO.,

No. 84 Fifth Street.

jy26:tTh

LACE CURTAINS!

Gilt Cornices,
Vestibule Lace,
Worsted Damask,

FOR SALE AT VERY LOW PRICES, BY

WHITE, ORR & CO.,

25 Fifth Street.

jy25

ELEGANT MANSION AND GROUNDS, No. 17 SOUTH AVENUE, ALLEGHENY CITY.—On TUESDAY EVENING, July 30th, at 8 o'clock, will be sold, on the second floor of Commercial Sales Room, 108 Smithfield street, that comfortable two-story Brick Dwelling, No. 17 South avenue, below School street, Allegheny City, containing ten rooms and bath room. The house is well finished and in good condition; gas and water throughout; hot and cold water in bath room, kitchen and wash house; permanent marble top wash stand in the front room. The lot is 76 feet 6½ inches front by 200 feet in depth to a wide alley. Commercial grounds front, and stable and fruit trees.

This beautiful situation commands a fine view of the rivers and surrounding country, with secure advantage of pure air. The Rebecca street cars run within a half square of the premises.

Terms—One-half cash, balance in one and two years, with interest. Possession given immediately. Those wishing to see the property before the sale can call on the subscriber.

jy25 A. McILWAINE, Auctioneer.

COMPRESSED

BUNGS.

ARMSTRONG, BRO. & CO.,

Manufacturers and Wholesale Dealers in

MACHINE CUT CORKS,

Flugs, Taps, Irish Moss, Pitch,

ROSIN, ISINGLASS, &c., &c.

Nos. 122 & 125 Third St., Pittsburgh.

IRON CITY CUTLERY CO.,

No. 3 St. Clair Street.

Having purchased of ANDREW BIGGS the entire stock of Hardware, Cutlery and Variety Goods, at the above stand, it is their intention to keep on hand a first class stock of

HARDWARE, CUTLERY,

Guns, Rifles, Revolvers, Pistols, Fishing Tackle and sporting goods of every variety. They are also prepared to do all kinds of JOB WORK; Grinding Razors, Scissors, &c., Cutting Stencils and Stamps, and Making Seal and Cancelling Stamps, at shortest notice.

W. H. BOWN, Manager.

H. M. LONG & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

PURE WHITE BURNING OIL,

Brand—"LUCIFER."

Office, No. 2 Duquesne Way,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

ESTABLISHED 1833.

HOUSES FITTED UP WITH

GAS,

Hot and Cold Water, &c.,

By experienced and practical workmen.

JOHN M. TATE,

Plumber and Gas Fitter,

227 Liberty Street, Pittsburgh; and

59 Federal Street, Allegheny.

jy 5 WSu-TuTHS

CITY COLLECTING AGENCY.

L. D. SMITH..... A. S. SEATON..... G. G. SEATON.

SMITH, SEATON & SEATON,

Local Collecting Agents,

No. 6 ST. CLAIR STREET, 2ND FLOOR,

P. O. BOX, 541. PITTSBURGH.

Bills of all descriptions taken for collection. No charge made where Bills are not collected.

jy25:tTh

THE AMERICAN TEA CO.,

No. 2 ST. CLAIR STREET.

Branch of the celebrated Store. FINE TEAS at $1.00, $1.25 and $1.50 per pound. Fine COFFEE at 25, 30 and 40 cents. Save 25 per cent. by buying this.

jy26:tTh

THE AMERICAN TEA CO.,

No. 2 ST. CLAIR STREET.

This well known Company have just received some fresh TEAS, which they are selling at $1.00 and $1.25 per pound, which are the best New York rates. Be sure to see and try them.

jy26:tTh

THE AMERICAN TEA CO.,

No. 2 ST. CLAIR STREET.

Their Roasted Coffees at 35c.,

Really fine, better than any 40c. Coffee now sold.

jy26:tTh

PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED by the undersigned for PAINTING THE SEVENTH WARD PUBLIC SCHOOL HOUSE, now in progress of erection. Specifications can be had at the office of the Architect, H. LAKE, No. 3 and 4 St. Clair street. Bids to be handed in by noon of the succeeding day after the 27th instant.

M. K. MORRELD,
JAMES ROBB,
A. A. MOORE,
Committee.

jy24:td27

NOTICE.—ROBERT H. LUCKY, of the City of Allegheny MACHINIST, having by deed dated June 3d, 1867, assigned all his real and personal estate to me for the benefit of his creditors, all persons indebted to him are notified to make immediate payment, and those having claims will please present the same at my office, No. 75 Grant street in the City of Pittsburgh.

GEO. R. RIDDLE,
Assignee of R. H. Lucky.

July 20th, 1867. jy22:td

THE QUEEN OF THE WASHTUB.—The State Right for Maryland, with privilege of manufacture, for sale by the

PATENT WASHING FLUID.

Which, wherever introduced, has met with universal success, will be sold on reasonable terms.

J. K. HAMILTON,
No. 133 Third street.

jy19:22

A. H. ENGLISH & CO.,

No. 98 Fourth Street,

Publishers of OSGOOD'S READERS, DEAN'S ARITHMETIC, BURTT'S GRAMMAR AND DEFINER, &c., &c. Also, manufacturers of BLANK BOOKS. BOOK BINDING executed in all its forms. A fine stock of STATIONERY constantly on hand.

$15,000 TO LOAN,

ON BOND AND MORTGAGE.

G. M. PETTY,

No. 66 Smithfield Street.

Real Estate bought and sold. jy24

NOTICE.—Parties knowing themselves indebted to

DR. JOHN HUTCHISON,

will call and settle their accounts before the first of September and save costs, as all unpaid bills will be left in the hands of an Attorney for collection.

Hillside Cemetery, July 22d, 1867.

jy24:td3dAug

SUNDAY SCHOOL CELEBRATIONS, PICNICS, DINNER PARTIES, &c., furnished with the best

ICE CREAM, CONFECTIONARIES,

CAKES, FRUITS, &c.,

At the lowest price and on the shortest notice, by

JULIUS RICHTER

No. 16 DIAMOND, Allegheny.

jy22:m30

PROPOSALS will be received on or before SATURDAY, July 27th, for the BRICK AND STONE WORK required to be done UNDER ROOF of the FIRST U. P. CHURCH, Allegheny.

Plan and Specifications may be seen at the office of J. H. KAUP, corner of Federal and Water streets, Allegheny.

jy22:td26

HILLDALE CEMETERY.

All business with the Corporation of Hilldale Cemetery, of date prior to the 1st OF APRIL, 1867, and remaining unsettled, will be attended to at my office, No. 19 IRWIN ST., corner of Diamond.

jy19:td13 JOHN SEMPLE.

TO GLASS MANUFACTURERS.

FOR SALE—All the PRESSES, MOULDS, and other valuable tools formerly used by the Missouri Glass Company, St. Louis, Mo. For full particulars address WALLACE & WALKER, 829 N. Third St., St. Louis.

jy19:o17

PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that my wife, ELLEN SULLIVAN, having, without just cause or provocation, left my bed and board, I will not be responsible for any debts she may contract, and I hereby warn all persons not to harbor her on my account.

JOHN SULLIVAN,
Lawrenceville Township.

jy19:o23

OATS! OATS! OATS!

One Car Prime Oats,

For sale by HENRY REA, Jr.,

jy18:tTS 258 Liberty St., foot of Seventh.

LEATHER BELTING.—We keep constantly on hand a full stock of the best quality of eastern manufacture, made expressly for our sales, and warranted to give satisfaction.

J. & H. PHILLIPS,
28 and 30 St. Clair street.

jel2

LACE LEATHER, of the best quality, also, the Patent Belt Hooks, for connecting Belts, for sale at 26 & 28 St. Clair st.

jel2 J. & H. PHILLIPS.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

A FINE

MAHOGANY DESK,

Suitable for an office, counting-room or dwelling, will be sold below its value, by

A. M. BROWN,
No. 114 Fifth Street.

jy25:o9

FOR SALE,

LEASE OF BOX FACTORY.

With Machinery, Fixtures, &c. Will be sold cheap. For further particulars enquire at No. 903 PENN STREET, Ninth ward, Pittsburgh, Penna.

jy25:o8

FOR SALE—One small Frame House and Lot in the Fifth Ward, Allegheny, Case Hardesty's. The lot is 40x90, the house contains three rooms, in good order, and will be sold cheap, as the owner wishes to move west. Also, a number of houses and lots and vacant lots in said city.

RAMSEY & HALL,
Real Estate Agents,
No. 94 Beaver street, Allegheny.

jy26:o9

PARTNERSHIP NOTICE.

THE UNDERSIGNED respectfully announce that they have formed a Copartnership for the transaction of a general DRY GOODS BUSINESS, at No. 92 MARKET STREET, under the name and style of

G. SCHLEITER & CO.

G. SCHLEITER..... G. G. BACKOFEN.

Pittsburgh, June 20th, 1867. jy25:o9

A FIRST CLASS

FARM FOR SALE!

The subscriber offers for sale the farm on which he resides, in Brooke county, W. Va., three miles east of Steubenville, on the Washington road two miles from the Ohio river, and two miles from the Pachaodle Railroad. The farm contains

320 ACRES

Of land of the first quality, 200 acres cleared and nearly all in grass. The remainder is well timbered and has coal in abundance and plenty of running water, and is all under fence. The buildings are a large

Two-Story Brick House,

A good TENANT HOUSE, TWO LARGE BARNS and abundance of stable room and shelter sufficient for 600 sheep, and other necessary outbuildings, all in good repair.

There are TWO APPLE ORCHARDS of choice fruit, CHERRY TREES, of choice kinds, and plenty of other small fruits.

This is one of the most desirable farms in the county, having everything to be considered, and a grazing farm unequaled.

It is convenient to Schools and Churches of various denominations and in a good neighborhood. Title indisputable, and lies well for dividing into two portions, if desirable.

For Post Office address,

WILLIAM PATTERSON,
BOX 267, STEUBENVILLE, OHIO.

jy25:o4td&T

DISSOLVED.

THE PARTNERSHIP heretofore existing under the name of HAMILTON & McKEE, was dissolved by mutual consent on the 17th inst. The business of the firm will be settled by JAS. K. HAMILTON, Jr. In retiring from said firm I earnestly request my friends and patrons to continue their patronage in favor of my late partner.

D. W. McKEE.

Pittsburgh, July 22, 1867.

J. K. HAMILTON, Jr.,

House and Sign Painter,

No. 133 THIRD STREET, Pittsburgh,

Graining, Glazing and Gilding

NEATLY EXECUTED.

MIXED PAINTS, VARNISHES, PUTTY, GLASS, BRUSHES, TURPENTINE, WHITE LEAD, ZINC, &c. jy26:o19

THE OLD, ORIGINAL

TEA STORE!

FRESH ARRIVAL OF

Young Hyson,
Old Hyson,
Imperial,
Gunpowder,
Eng. Breakfast,
Congos,
Souchong,
Oolong,
Old Country Black,
And Japan

TEAS,

ALL OF THE BEST QUALITY.

No. 20 Fifth Street.

jy27:o

SHEPHARD'S

CRACKERS

317 Liberty Street,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

DISSOLUTION NOTICE.—THE firm of BAILIFF, BROWN & CO. is this day dissolved by limitation and mutual consent, JOHN R. WATSON disposing of his interest to the remaining partners. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said firm will please call and make immediate payment, and all persons having claims will present them same to JOHN R. WATSON, at our office, 85 Federal street, he being authorized to settle all accounts.

Allegheny City, July 1st, 1867. jy19 cl0

BAILIFF, BROWN & CARSON,

PLUMBERS,

Gas and Steam Fitters,

HOUSES FITTED UP WITH

Water, Gas & Steam Pipes.

No. 85 Federal St.,

ALLEGHENY CITY.

C. C. ALGEO,

DEALER IN

Fine Watches, Jewelry, Diamonds,

SILVER WARE,

AND

French Clocks, &c.

Special attention given to the REPAIRING OF FINE WATCHES.

No. 22 Fifth Street.

feb15:tTS

T. BRENT SWEARINGEN.....WM. G. M'CANDLESS.

GENERAL INSURANCE AGENCY.

SWEARINGEN & M'CANDLESS,

No. 111 FOURTH ST., Pittsburgh, Pa.

General Agents for Western Pennsylvania of

Continental Life Insurance Co.,

OF NEW YORK.

FIRE, LIVE STOCK and all descriptions of Insurance effected in responsible Companies at lowest rates.

BISHOP BOWMAN INSTITUTE,

A COLLEGIATE

School for Young Ladies,

No. 62 Grant Street.

The First Term of the next Session of this School will begin on MONDAY, Sept. 9th. Registers can be obtained at J. H. WELDIN & CO'S, No. 101 Wood street, and at DAVIS, CLARK & CO.'S No. 60 Wood street.

For information or admission address

REV. E. J. COSTER,
RECTOR.

OFFICE OF RECORDING REGULATOR, Pittsburgh, July 23d, 1867.

THE ASSESSMENTS for Grading, Paving and Curbing of

WIDE ALLEY,

Are now ready for examination, and will remain in this office, Court House Building, until August 1st, when they will be placed in the City Treasurer's office for collection.

H. J. MOORE,
Recording Regulator.

OFFICE OF RECORDING REGULATOR, Pittsburgh, July 23d, 1867.

THE ASSESSMENTS for Grading, Paving and Curbing

PRIDE STREET,

Are now ready for examination, and will remain in this office, Court House Building, until August 1st, when they will be placed in the City Treasurer's office for collection.

H. J. MOORE,
Recording Regulator.

JOSEPH WIGGINS,

Collecting Agent,

Office at the Board of Trade Rooms,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

Bills of all kinds collected and promptly attended to. Best of references given. jy13

FOR SALE—A convenient

WELL-FINISHED HOUSE,

Of eight rooms; lot filled with many varieties of large and small fruits; is situated on the thriving borough of New Brighton, within one hour of the city. Sale necessitated by sickness. Address,

J. D. GLENN,
New Brighton, Pa.

jy27 s26:TTS

J. W. HANNAH,

No. 81 LIBERTY STREET,

Dealer in all kinds of

Candies, Cakes, Nuts and Fruits,

Special attention to furnishing PICNICS and PARTIES by

my18:n91

GOOD NEWS.

CHEAP BREAD IN DEAR TIMES.

Enquire for WARD'S BREAD. The largest and best. The initials "H. W." on every loaf. Ward's, None else mh30:877

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

"THE BEST IS THE CHEAPEST."

96TH SEMI-ANNUAL EXPOSE.

TOTAL LOSSES PAID, $21,271,977 87

ETNA INSURANCE CO.,

HARTFORD, CONN.,

JULY 1, 1867.

ASSETS, (At Market Value.)

Cash on hand, in Banks	$ 555,953 79
Real Estate	99,000 00
Mortgage Bonds	69,500 00
Bank stock	1,108,495 00
United States, State and City Stock, and other Public securities	1,364,559 96
Unadjusted	277,691 46
	$3,650,999 27
Less Liabilities, Claims not due and Unadjusted	277,691 46
Net Assets	$3,373,307 81

Fire and Inland Navigation Risks.

Agencies in all the principal Cities and Towns in the United States.

Applications for Insurance will be promptly attended to and Policies issued by

A. A. CARRIER & BRO., Agents,
63 FOURTH STREET.

EDMUND BURKE..... THOMAS BARNES.

BURKE & BARNES,

Fire Proof Salamander Safe,

VAULT DOOR, STEEL LINED BURGLAR PROOF SAFE, AND

IRON WINDOW SHUTTER MANUFACTURERS,

129 & 131 Third St.,

DRY GOODS, TRIMMINGS.

DRY GOODS!

Wholesale and Retail, at

WM. SEMPLE'S,

No. 180 & 182 Federal St.,

ALLEGHENY CITY.

Black Silks.

Fine Lawns;

Plain and Printed Percales;

Plain and Printed Marseilles;

Checks and Tickings;

Cottonades & Farmers' Linen;

Fine and Heavy Flannels;

Bleached & Brown Shirtings;

Corsets and Hoop Skirts;

Mosquito Netting;

Hosiery and Notions;

AT LOWEST NET PRICES, AT

WM. SEMPLE'S,

180 and 182 Federal St.,

ALLEGHENY CITY.

☞Orders promptly filled.

jy2

DRY GOODS, TRIMMINGS.

GREAT SALE OF

DRY GOODS!

Preparatory to auction, beginning on

Monday, July 8th and Continuing to August 8th,

After which the balance of the Stock (if any) will be disposed of at

PUBLIC AUCTION!

4-4 SHEETINGS	Cents.
7-8 MERRIMAC CALICOS	10½ "
TICKINGS	10 "
BUCK TOWELS	12½ "
DARK CORSETS	75 "
HOOP SKIRTS	50 "
ALPACCAS, former price	50 "
FANCY DRESS GOODS	25 "
FRENCH LAWNS	18½ "
WOOL CASSIMERES	75 "

MOONEY & BRENNAN,

No. 50 Federal Street.

☞Bring this with you and compare prices.

THE PLACE TO BUY YOUR

DRY GOODS!

IS AT

J. M. BURCHFIELD & CO'S,

No. 87 Market Street.

SUMMER DRESS GOODS

SELLING OUT AT

REDUCED PRICES!

THE STOCK IS ENTIRELY NEW,

And cheaper than any in the city.

No. 87 Market Street.

jy13:tu:th:s0

WHOLESALE DRY GOODS.

ARBUTHNOT, SHANNON & CO.,

No. 115 Wood Street,

Have just opened a large new stock of seasonable

DRY GOODS AND NOTIONS,

Which they offer at EASTERN PRICES. Merchants assorting up should call at

No. 115 Wood Street.

C. ARBUTHNOT. W. T. SHANNON. J. G. STEPHENSON

jy2:tu:th:s0

HATS, CAPS, &c.

STRAW GOODS,

FOR SUMMER SALES.

ALL THE NEW STYLE HATS,

FOR SALE CHEAP, AT

McCORD & CO.'S,

No. 181 Wood Street.

jy8

HATS! HATS!

W. P. GRAHAM.....OWEN BYRNE.

GRAHAM & BYRNE,

At No. 52 St. Clair Street,

Have one of the very best retail stocks of

HATS, CAPS AND STRAW GOODS

In the city, and constantly in receipt of all that is new, as soon as they can be "expressed." Every attention given to retailing, exclusively. apl2:tu:th:s0

PIANOS, ORGANS, &c.,

CHAS. B. BARR. HEN. TH. KNAKE. W. L. BUETTLER

BARR, KNAKE & BUETTLER,

Successors to WAMELINK & BARR,

No. 12 St. Clair St., Pittsburgh,

DEALERS IN

Pianos, Organs,

And Musical Goods generally.

☞Sole Agents for the Celebrated BRADBURY, New York, and SCHOMACKER & CO. Philadelphia, PIANOS.

Also, ESTEY & CO.'S "COTTAGE," and D. & H. W. SMITH'S "AMERICAN" ORGANS, and TILTON'S PATENT GUITAR.

The best Italian and German Violin and Guitar Strings always on hand. ap17:tu:th:s0

PIANOS AND ORGANS.—A very large stock of KNAKE & CO.'S PIANOS, HALLETT, DAVIS & CO.'S PIANOS, and PRINCES' AUTOMATIC ORGANS.

AT BLUME'S MUSIC STORE,

No. 43 FIFTH STREET.

my18

VETERINARY SURGEONS.

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

TO OWNERS OF HORSES.

DR. WEST begs to inform his friends and the public that he has removed his office and stables from the third to the second lot, on the STABLES, opposite rear end of the St. Charles Hotel. Third street. Sick and Lame Horses taken in and skillfully treated, at a moderate charge. Horses of any infectious diseases not admitted, but every attention paid them at the owner's stable. DICTUM WEST'S celebrated CURE ALL LINAMENT, as used by all the principal Veterinary Surgeons in Europe, will cure all sores, Wind or hidebound, Galls, Sore Shoulder, Sprains, Bruises, and will injure the hair. It may be had in bottles, at his office.

Night and country cases promptly attended to. Remember his address, Charles Stables, THIRD STREET, opposite St Charles Hotel. 167:tu:th:s6

PROF. N. P. DUFFEY,

VETERINARY SURGEON AND HORSE TRAINER,

Thankful for the patronage heretofore received, respectfully announces that he has opened an HOSPITAL STABLE at the corner of Liberty street and East lane, Allegheny City, and a TRAINING AND BOARDING STABLE on Beaver street, between Ohio street and Stock'on avenue, Office at the latter stable and residence at the former place. Special attention given to buying, selling, selecting and instructing horses; and, with the assistance of Mr. M. A. CAMILDS, (who may be seen at his residence, corner of East Lane and Liberty St., Allegheny) will give lessons in riding to either Ladies or Gentlemen. Refers, by permission, to the following gentlemen: J. Painter, J. C. Smith, Wm. Coe, Hiram John Sarker, M. D., D. M. Evans. j4:tu:th:s0

LIVERY STABLES.

THOMAS MORELAND.....DANIEL T. MITCHELL.

McRELAND & MITCHELL,

Livery and Sale Stables,

425 LIBERTY STREET,

Opposite Pennsylvania Railroad Depot,

PITTSBURGH.

☞Particular attention paid to furnishing Bridal and Carriage Parties. Horses kept at livery my23:tu:th:s0

H. B. MILLER, Bazaar, Livery and SALE STABLES, Also, Furnishing Undertaker. All kinds of Coffins, &c., at the lowest prices, kept constantly on hand. CARSON STREET, between Ormsby and Denman streets, Birmingham. Horses, Carriages and Buggies for hire. Hearses and Carriages always in readiness for Funerals. Horses kept at livery by the month or year, and attended to in the best manner. Private families furnished with the best of horses and the most elegant Carriages. Stables kept open all hours of the day and night. my6:tu:th:s0

DYERS AND SCOURERS.

H. J. LANCE,

Nos. 135 and 137 Third Street,

DYER AND SCOURER,

Straw Goods Cleaned or Dyed.

KID GLOVES and LADIES' PLUMES cleaned or dyed.

C. G. FISCHER'S

FANCY

Dyeing and Scouring Establishment,

No. 61 DIAMOND ALLEY,

Between Wood and Smithfield streets,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

All goods returned in two weeks. Good kept subject to the owner twelve months. my21:tu:th:s0

LITHOGRAPHERS.

BENJAMIN SINGERLY.....PHILIP CLEIS

SINGERLY & CLEIS,

(Successors to Geo. F. Schuchman & Co.)

PRACTICAL LITHOGRAPHERS,

The ONLY STEAM LITHOGRAPHIC ESTABLISHMENT WEST OF THE MOUNTAINS. Business Cards, Letter Heads, Bonds, Labels, Circulars, Show Cards, Diplomas, Portraits, Views, Certificates of Deposits, Invitation Cards, &c. Nos. 72 and 74 Third st., Pittsburgh.

CHAS. A. MILLER,

LITHOGRAPHER,

No. 80 FOURTH ST., Apollo Building,

CHECKS, DRAFTS, NOTES, BILL and LETTER HEADS, &c., done in all styles. au15:tu:th:s0

TOBACCO, CIGARS, &c.

JOHN MEGRAW,

Manufacturer of and Wholesale and Retail Dealer in all kinds of

Tobacco, Snuff and Cigars,

45 HAND STREET.

A general assortment Smoking Tobacco, Pipe Tobacco Pouches, &c. my27:tu:th:s0

EXCELSIOR WORKS.

R. & W. JENKINSON,

Manufacturers and dealers in

Tobacco, Snuff, Cigars, Pipes, &c.

No. 6 FEDERAL ST., ALLEGHENY.

jy6:tu:th:s0

The Pittsburgh Gazette

Consolidation Survey.

On Tuesday of next week the city regulator, Mr. Henry J. Moore, will commence the survey of the lines of the proposed consolidated city, commencing at the west line of the borough of Temperanceville. Following are the boundary lines as described in the consolidation act:

Beginning on the southern side of the Ohio river, on the lines separating the borough of Temperanceville from the township of Chartiers, and by said line southwardly to the line of Union township, Allegheny county; thence eastwardly by a line to be run and marked by a commission consisting of the recording regulators of the cities of Pittsburgh and Allegheny and the borough of Birmingham, by the valley of Saw Mill Run, the southern lines of the Murray and Kane farms, until it reaches Baldwin township at Beck's Run, about one mile from the mouth of said run; thence by said run to the Monongahela river; thence up said river along the centre thereof, to opposite the dividing line of Wilkins and Peebles townships; thence northwardly across said river and by the dividing line between Wilkins and Penn on the east, and Peebles and Collins on the west, to the north bank of the Allegheny river; thence westwardly by the centre of said river to the upper end of the Six Mile Island; thence by a line due north about one half mile to a public road in Indiana township; thence westwardly and nearly parallel with the Allegheny river to the intersection of the Butler plank road and turnpike, above the village of Etna; thence westwardly to the north-eastern corner of McClure township; thence by the line of said township to the Ohio river, hence across said river to low water mark; thence south-eastwardly by the low water line of said river to the borough of Temperanceville, the place of beginning.

The work of surveying will occupy ten days or two weeks, and will be attended with considerable labor.

Miraculous Escape.

The Johnstown *Democrat* says that a serious accident, and almost miraculous escape from death, took place on Saturday last, as the Cincinnati Express train was going east. It occurred four miles west of Johnstown, where the P. R. R. passes through the gorge in the Laurel Hill, made by the passage of the Conemaugh river.

Mr. Thomas N. Dale, of the firm of Thomas N. Dale & Co., of New York, was passing from the sleeping car to another car, and as he stepped on the platform of the car, the train, turning a short curve, gave a sudden jerk or twitch, which, with great force, threw him off the train. He fell in the ditch beside the track. His left leg was fractured at the ancle, and his whole body very much bruised. Had he been thrown a few inches further from the cars he would have struck the high rocks, out of which the bed of the road is made, and been doubtless instantly killed. Parts of his clothing were torn into shreds, and could not have been worse rent if a shell had burst within them. Mr. Dale remained where he was thrown about one hour and a half, when he managed to crawl across the railroad tracks to the river bank. On the opposite side of the river he chanced to see a boy whom he called. The boy crossed the river to him, learned his condition, secured some assistance, and with a hand-car brought him to town. He is now at the Scott House, and is doing well.

Shameful Treatment of a Child.

Martha Myers made complaint before Mayor Morrison, of Allegheny, against a German named Hellar, who resides on Market street, Manchester. She alleges that about seven months ago Hellar took a child of hers, aged nine years, intending to adopt it, and that he has subjected the child to the most brutal treatment ever since he took possession of it. She says he whips the child with a rope with knots on the end of it, and keeps it confined to the house to prevent it from escaping, and even ties it in the cellar when he has no work for it to do; that he washes it with a common scrubbing brush for the purpose of punishing it, and at one time struck it in the face with his hands, causing its lip to swell so that it could not speak, and committing a number of other brutal acts, which, if true, would lead to the belief that the man was insane. The Mayor issued a warrant for the arrest of Hellar on a charge of disorderly conduct, and will make him deliver the child to its mother, who has several times demanded it of Hellar, but has been refused.

Forcible Argument.

A few days since some of the stone masons employed by Mr. W. J. Woodward, who is superintending the building of the Third Presbyterian Church, on Sixth street, struck for higher wages, while others, it appears, were content to work on at what they were receiving. Among the former were David Reed and John Lapham, while David Coleman and Jerry J. Wren were of the latter class. Reed and Lapham attempted to convince Coleman and Wren that they were wrong by using knock down arguments on Tuesday, going to the place where they were at work, attacking them and beating them in a shameful manner, and at the same time threatening Mr. Woodward, who made information before Alderman Strain against them for assault and battery and also for surety of the peace. A warrant was issued.

Death of a Wounded Soldier.

The Greensburg *Herald* says the postmaster at Bell's Mills, in Blair county, writes to the postmaster at Greensburg, communicating the following in substance: On Sunday week, the 14th instant, the conductor of the emigrant train west put off at that place a man who had no means to pay fare further. He was noticed very much after to be sick, and was taken to the wood house, where he became very sick; gave his name as Wadsworth, having either a home or relatives in Westmoreland county; was a soldier in the war; was wounded at Fredericksburg, and had his left leg amputated; wore a wooden one. He died in an hour after being put off the train. His remains were interred at Bell's Mills church yard by the K. E. company.

Death of an Old Citizen.

The Johnstown *Democrat* says: We regret to announce the death of James Downey, which occurred on last Thursday, at his residence in this place. He was aged 78 years. Mr. Downey was a native of Ireland. He came to this country many years ago, and resided for a long time in Indiana county, Pa., when he removed to Johnstown. Mr. Downey was a man of genial disposition, excellent character, and beloved by all who knew him. His wife died about ten months ago from injuries received at the fall of the platform, at the railroad station, which seriously affected the old gentleman, and preying upon his mind, may have expedited his departure.

Fatal Accident.

Wilson Myers, Esq., of Summerhill, Cambria county, was instantly killed on last Friday evening, by being struck by a locomotive on the Pennsylvania Railroad. The accident took place between Wilmore and Summerhill station, Mr. Myers was walking home from Wilmore, on the railroad track, and meeting a train stepped from one track to the other, right in front of a train coming the opposite direction, which struck him, killing him instantly. The place of the occurrence was where the road passes through a deep cut. He was about forty-five years of age, and leaves a large family to mourn his loss.

Death of a Banker.

The *True Democrat* of York, Pa., says: Charles Weiser, one of our oldest and most respectable citizens, died at his residence in this borough, on Wednesday morning last, after a lingering and painful illness, which he bore with christian fortitude and resignation. Mr. Weiser was one of our most active business men, and by his energy and frugality had succeeded in accumulating a large fortune. He was a member of the firm of Weiser, Son & Carl, bankers, and during his long and useful life had contributed largely to the improvement of our borough.

Set at Liberty.

The Wheeling *Intelligencer* says that John Frederick Long who, it will be remembered, was arrested some time since upon suspicion of having been concerned in the murder of Lewis Unthrich, and, after an examination by Justices Johnson and Clonan committed to jail for a further hearing, was brought before Justice Johnson, yesterday, and discharged from custody, the evidence not being sufficient to commit him for trial.

Tilt Tapped.—Three boys, named Lewis Umpherlih, Henry Sinsler, and John Whitbreseih, are accused of having robbed the money drawer at the stand of S. M. Tighe, in the Diamond Market, yesterday morning, of between three and four dollars in fractional currency. The robbery was soon discovered, and the boys endeavored to escape from the police. One of them, Winterhalter, succeeded, but the others were captured. Umpherlih, who is colored, confessed his guilt, stating he took the money and shared it with Winterstein. The boys arrested were locked up for a hearing.

How to Preserve Ice, for a considerable length of time, for domestic purposes, and especially the sick room, is told in an exchange thus—Make two bags of stout woolen fabric, the inner one should be ten inches wide by fourteen inches long. The outer bag should be at least two inches wider each way. After placing one bag inside the other, stuff feathers between the two, and sew the two bags together at the top. Put a block of ice into a bag of this description, and it will be preserved in cooling melting for nearly a week. When under exposure, it will melt in less than an hour.

Seriously Injured.—On Thursday of last week John Fiscus, of Unity, Westmoreland county, met with a very serious if not fatal accident. He was assisting in hauling in grain, and as they were returning from the field with a load, he was thrown off the top, a pitchfork failing about the same time, the prongs running almost through him. At last accounts he was in a very critical condition.

Gold.—The Leonton *Advertiser* says: "Last week, in a blast of lime stone, in Mr. David Boyer's quarry, in North Lebanon, a number of wood-like specs of what is supposed to be gold were discovered imbedded in the stones. It is similarly imbedded, and has the appearance of rich California quartz mining gold. The specimens were found by, and are now in the possession of Mr. George Gordy."

Horse Fair.—There is to be a horse fair at Meadville, July 31st and August 1st. The premiums offered amount to $1,425, and competition is open to all. Trotting horses and running horses may be entered in any time previous to 5 o'clock p. m., on the day preceeding the races. All entries to be under seal,

Accident to a Boy.—A lad aged eight years, son of a Mr. Shaffer, grocer, residing on Chestnut street, Allegheny city, either fell or was pushed out of a wagon on Tuesday evening, and in the fall his thigh was fractured. He received surgical attendance from Dr. Emmerling.

Retrospective.—On July 23d, 1863, the price of oil at the wells on Oil Creek, was from $4,00 to $4,25, and the cost of teaming from the wells to Titusville was $1,50, making the price in Titusville $5,50 to $5,75. At the same date new crude oil barrels were worth from $3,00 to $3,25.

Suicide.—A few evenings since a young man named Benjamin F. Potter, of Cambria county, committed suicide at Derry Station, by the tavern of Mr. Kessler, by taking poison.

The Shipments of oil over the Oil Creek Railroad from Pioneer, on Monday, reached 2,950 barrels. Of this amount 1,146 barrels were shipped to New York.

Horse Thieves are operating at Greensburg.

Surety of the Peace.

Mary Shaw made information before Alderman Strain against Mary Palmer for surety of the peace. The parties reside in Soho, and it appears that Mary Shaw had made a raise of good clothes, which she was making an exhibition of, annoying Mary Palmer to such an extent that she threatened to tear the clothes from the prosecutor, and made divers other threats, which it appears were not carried into execution, for had they been, the prosecutor would not have been able to make the information. A warrant was issued.

Abandonment.—Anna W. Cridland made information before Alderman Strain, against her husband John Cridland, charging him with cruelty and abandoning her. She alleges that they were married in Ireland, and that they lived together until within the last eight months, since when he has contributed nothing to her support, notwithstanding he is abundantly able to do so. A warrant was issued for the arrest of the truant husband.

Assault and Battery.—John S. Brown, of Oakland township, appeared before Alderman Morrow and made information against Frank Hogel, of Birmingham, charging him with assault and battery. He alleges that the defendant came up behind him and struck him on the back of the neck with his fist, knocking him down, and that he kicked him after he was down. A warrant was issued for the arrest of Hogel.

☞Additional Local Matters on First Page.

MERCHANT TAILORS.

JULY REDUCTION!

OUR ENTIRE STOCK OF

BOYS', YOUTH'S AND CHILDREN'S

CLOTHING,

AT REDUCED PRICES!

GRAY & LOGAN,

No. 47 St. Clair Street.

HENRY G. HALE

NORTHWEST COR. PENN AND ST. CLAIR STS.

NEW SPRING GOODS,

JUST OPENED,

COMPRISING

All the Novelties of the Season,

Such as is only found in a

First-Class Merchant Tailoring Establishment.

mh8:tu:th:s7

THIRD ARRIVAL

OF

SUMMER GOODS,

AT

E. HOUSTON & CO.'S,

FASHIONABLE

MERCHANT TAILORS,

AND DEALERS IN

Men and Boys' Clothing and Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods,

No. 107 Fifth St.,

CORNER OF CHERRY ALLEY.

All the latest styles and novelties in CLOTHS, CASSIMERES and VESTINGS.

Prices very reasonable and to suit the times.

jy7:tu:th:s0

Great Reduction in Prices.

SECOND ARRIVAL OF

Spring Goods,

Fresh from the Importers,

Which will be made up with care and dispatch, and at

GREATLY REDUCED PRICES.

OWEN BYRNE,

Merchant Tailor,

No. 14 WYLIE ST.,

UNDER ASHLAND HALL.

ap9:tu:th:s78

E. J. McGRATTY,

MERCHANT TAILOR.

S. W. corner DIAMOND and OHIO STREET, ALLEGHENY CITY.

A large assortment of Furnishing Goods always on hand.

A first class cutter will attend to custom work. jy11:tu:th:s78

HENRY CAPPELL, Merchant TAILOR, and dealer in

Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods,

144 SMITHFIELD STREET.

Three door below Sixth. PITTSBURGH, PA.

All the latest Spring and Summer styles of Cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings on hand, and made up in the most fashionable style, at the lowest prices. my6:tu:th:s0

EATING, ICE CREAM, &c.

HERBST ORDINARY,

DINING, LUNCH, COFFEE

AND ICE CREAM ROOMS,

FOR LADIES AND GENTLEMEN.

No. 64 Fourth St.

☞Our MORNING LUNCHES served daily, from 6 to 11 A. M. DINNER served from 11 to 3 o'clock, daily—$0.50 for twelve, or 60 cents Single Dinner.

Particular attention given to the wants of ladies and gentlemen desiring a comfortable meal, the enjoyment of a good drink of tea, or any of the luxuries of the season; also, to the furnishing families, parties and others, at their residences or elsewhere, with the best of

WEDDING, POUND AND SPONGE CAKES

With the richest assortment of Basket and Fancy Cake, Cream and Water Ices, Meringue Baskets, Jellies, Charlotte de Russe, Blanc Mange, Moulded Creams, Ornamental Pyramids, Gaine, Boned Turkey, Coffee, Chocolate, etc.

Waiters and Waitresses furnished at the shortest notice.

Glass, Silverware, Cutlery, Glassware and Table Linen for hire. jy6:tu:th:s0

WILLIAMSON'S

DINING ROOMS,

No. 36 Market St.,

(Between Second and Third Streets,)

PITTSBURGH, PA.

The house is newly furnished with everything that constitutes a first class Eating House. The choicest of everything the market affords will be served up at all hours of the day or night.

LADIES' DINING ROOMS, second floor.

J. H. WILLIAMSON, Proprietor.

☞The highest market price paid for all kinds of seasonable game. jy19:s72

NEW ICE CREAM SALOON.

P. H. M'GUIRE,

No. 89 FIFTH STREET, above Smithfield, opposite Dr. Clark's Methodist Church. ICE CREAM, SODA WATER, FANCY ICES, FRUIT, CONFECTIONERY &c.

☞Parties and private families supplied at short notice and reasonable terms. je19:s

NEW STORE.

H. W. HORBACH,

Confectioner, Fruit Store & Bakery,

ICE CREAM SALOON, and

LADIES' ORDINARY.

209 SMITHFIELD STREET, between Seventh and Liberty.

J. S. MORRISON.....D. M. BARR.....ISAAC BOWERS.

F. CAUFMAN.....JACOB KEY.

MORRISON, BARR & CO.,

Manufacturers of all kinds of

BOOK AND PRINT PAPER.

Orders promptly filled.

Address, SPANG'S MILLS,

Blair County, Penna.

☞Highest cash price paid for rags.

JUST RECEIVED, AT

ROBERTS & SHERRATT'S

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

Tin, Copper and Sheet Iron Ware Manufactory,

80, 61 SMITHFIELD ST., PITTSBURGH.

A new supply of Ice Chests, Ice Picks and Pitchers, Refrigerators, Beer Coolers, Ice Cream Freezers, coal safes, Water Coolers, step Ladders, and a full line of House-furnishing Goodsalso, manufacturers of SIMMERMAN'S STEAM COOKING APPARATUS, for meats, vegetables, puddings, &c. je26:tu:th:s0

SPECIAL NOTICES.

☞WM. BARNHILL & CO.,

BOILER MAKERS

AND

SHEET IRON WORKERS,

Nos. 20, 22, 24 and 26 Penn St.

Having secured a large yard and furnished it with the most approved machinery, we are prepared to manufacture every description of Boilers in the best manner, and warranted equal to any made in the country. Chimneys, Breeching, Fire Beds, Steam Pipes, Locomotive Boilers, Condensers, Salt Pans, Tanks, Oil Stills, &c., &c. Also, Bridge Iron, Bridges, Sugar Pans, and sole manufacturers of BARNHILL'S PATENT BOILERS.

Repairing done on the shortest notice. je19:s0

☞ROBINSON, REA & CO.,

(Successors to ROBINSON, MILES & MILLER,)

MANUFACTURERS OF

WASHINGTON WORKS,

Founders and Machinists, Pittsburgh,

Manufacturers of Rest and stationary Steam Engines, Blast Engines, Mill Machinery, Gearing, Shafting, Castings of all descriptions; Oil Tanks and Stills, Boiler and Sheet Iron Work.

Office: No. 14 corner First and Smithfield Sts.

☞Agents for GIFFARD'S PATENT INJECTOR for feeding boilers. ja31:s52

☞LAKE SUPERIOR

COPPER MILL & SMELTING WORKS.

PITTSBURGH.

PARK, McCURDY & CO.,

Manufacturers of Sheathing, Bracers and Bolt Copper, Pressed Copper Bottoms, Raised Still Bottoms, Spelter Solder. Also importers and Dealers in Metals, Tin Plate, Sheet Iron, Wire, &c. Constantly on hand Tinners' Machines and Tools. Warehouse, No. 140 FIRST STREET and 120 SECOND STREET, Pittsburgh.

Special orders of Copper cut to any desired pattern. my14:tu:th:s0

☞SOMETHING NEW.—CALL and examine the new

SILVER-TIPPED SHOES.

They will wear twice as long as those without tips. Kept only by

WM. E. SCHMERTZ,

my15:tu:th:s8 No. 34 Fifth St., Pittsburgh.

☞QUINCY A. SCOTT,

DENTIST,

NO. 218 PENN STREET,

mh28:tu:th:s2 PITTSBURGH.

☞TO MARRY OR NOT TO MARRY? WHY NOT? 3 Plain Reflections for Young Men. In Essays of the Howard Association, on the Physiological Errors, Abuses and Diseases induced by ignorance of Nature's Laws, in the first age of man. Sent in sealed letter envelope, free of charge. Address, Dr. J. SKILLEN HOUGHTON, Howard Association, Philadelphia, Pa. my27:wfm:y1

☞GRAY'S GYMNASIUM.

Daily exercises from 8 to 9 and from 11 to 12½, P. M. Vocal music from 8 till 9, Prof. BLACK. Elocution from 10 till 11, miss LE ROY, of Boston. jy16:tu:th:s5

MYERS, HOPPER & CO.,

[Successors to R. R. BULGER, Agent,]

MANUFACTURERS OF

FURNITURE

Of Every Description.

SCHOOL AND OFFICE FURNITURE.

No. 45 Smithfield Street,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

☞A full assortment of Pittsburgh Manufactured Furniture constantly on hand at LOWEST CASH PRICES.

C. A. MYERS.....WM. C. HOPPER.....WM. S. WILT. jy20:tu:th:s26

Pittsburgh Importing House.

ESTABLISHED 1836.

SCHMIDT & FRIDAY,

IMPORTERS OF FOREIGN

WINES AND LIQUORS,

No. 409 Penn Street,

PITTSBURGH,

Would direct the attention of the public to the fact that, possessing one of the facilities through several large wine and liquor houses in Europe, and making their importations direct, they are enabled to offer the various grades of choice wines and liquors as prices less than Eastern rates. Examination solicited, and comparison of prices respectfully solicited.

A choice article of PURE OLD RYE WHISKEY constantly on hand. au3:tu:th:s0

STEAM BOILERS,

Steam Engines and Iron Turning Lathes, And One Iron Planer,

FOR SALE.

One Engine, 16 inch cylinder, 4 feet stroke; balance valve lever, with wrought iron rocker and cranks.

Two Engines, 12 in cylinders, 4½ feet stroke; balance valve lever, with wrought iron rocker and cranks, 26 feet long, with 2 spurs and cranks.

One locomotive engine and complete outfit, with 12 inch cylinder, 20 inch stroke, 4 feet driving wheels, 14 feet long.

Four good second-hand iron Turning Lathes; one Wood Lathe; one good ball in Engine, 10 inch cylinder, 20 inch stroke, 4 feet stroke, 2 feet fly-wheel, 10 in face.

Also, various engines, Stationary and Portable Boilers, new and second hand, all in excellent order, will be in every low for cash.

Engine Lathes, 16 feet bed, 20 inch swing.

HUGH S. BOLE & CO.,

Cor. Fulton alley and Duquesne Way.

PROPOSALS FOR CAST IRON CULVERTS AND FLAG STONE CROSSINGS.

CONTROLLER'S OFFICE,

City of Allegheny, July 20th, 1867.

Sealed Proposals will be received at this office until THURSDAY, 25th inst., at 10 o'clock M., for furnishing and laying the CULVERTS to be delivered at the following places, viz: At the intersection of Beaver street and North avenue—each culvert to be 4 feet 6 inches wide, 3 feet high, with 2 feet 6 inch arch, 3 inch opening and 12 inches deep, at the intersection of Irwin and Sandusky streets—24 feet long, 18 inch opening and 12 inches deep. At the intersection of Irwin and Sandusky streets—24 feet long, 18 inch opening and 12 inches deep. At the intersection of Irwin and Beaver streets—24 feet long, 18 inch opening and 12 inches deep, with 2 inch flagging.

Also, for furnishing and putting down FLAG STONE WALK across the Commons, from the general street and North avenue, Beaver street and Irwin avenue, to the nearest street, at the intersection of Sandusky street.

E. B. FRANCIS,

jy22:s62 City Controller.

PROPOSALS FOR COAL.

CONTROLLER'S OFFICE,

CITY OF ALLEGHENY, July 20th, 1867.

Sealed Proposals will be received at this office until THURSDAY, 25th inst., at 10 o'clock A. M., for furnishing 4,000 BUSHELS BEST QUALITY OF MERCHANTABLE LUMP COAL, to be delivered at the following places, viz:

2,000 bushels in basement of City Hall.

400 "	Hope Engine House,	1st ward.
200 "	Friendship do.	2d ward.
400 "	Good Will do.	3d ward.
400 "	Columbia do.	6th ward.
600 "	Weigh scale.	

The coal to be weighed on the City scales.

E. B. FRANCIS,

jy22:s62 City Controller.

TO OIL REFINERS.

THOS. S. CALHOUN'S

CARPENTER,

No. 167 Lacock Street, Allegheny City,

Manufacturer of every description of CRUDE OIL CONDENSING

TANKS.

AGITATORS built on the most improved system. Also, IRON TANK BOTTOMS and TOPS, and all kinds of work of this class, done for Refiners on the most reasonable terms and at the shortest notice. my27:tu:th:s0

SAMUEL M. WICKERSHMA

Iron Broker,

124 First Street,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

Agent for the sale of Cornwall, Donaghmore, Josephine, Isabella, Duncannon, Washington, Glendon, and other brands of anthracite, Youghiogheny Coke and Chipman's Charcoal PIG IRONS.

Consignments and orders respectfully solicited. ja1:s0

PITTSBURGH PAPER MANUFACTURING COMPANY, Manufacturers of

PRINTING AND WRAPPING PAPERS

CLINTON MILL, STEUBENVILLE, OHIO. BRIGHTON MILL, NEW BRIGHTON, PA.

OFFICE AND WAREHOUSE,

No. 82 Third Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

OFFICERS—AUGUST HARTJE, President. JNO. B. LIVINGSTON, Treas. SAMUEL RIDDLE, Secretary.

DIRECTORS—August Hartje, John Atwell, S. H. Harriman, John B. Livingston, John M. Fer-guson, H. Morris.

Cash Paid for Paper Stock. no8:s0s8

THE PEOPLE'S

TEA STORE,

Wilson & Underwood.

CHOICE FAMILY GROCERIES.

One of the cheapest and best wholesale and retail stores in the two cities.

No. 15 South West Diamond,

ALLEGHENY CITY.

Call and examine our stock and prices. ap 7:tu:th:s0

C. M. GEARING,

Planing Mill, Sash & Door Factory,

Corner BUTLER and ALLEGHENY STREETS, Ninth Ward, and No. 13 SMITHFIELD ST., Pittsburgh.

Turning, Cutting Brackets, Block Letters and Shaped and Strait Moulding done to order. All kinds of work constantly on hand. Orders from the country promptly attended to. my21:tu:th:s0

WE WILL KEEP ON HAND and make to order all kinds of Spring and plain WAGONS, CARTS, DRAYS, WHEELBARROWS, TRUCKS, LOCUST HUBS, And TURNED POKES, HAY RAKES and FORKS,

At DUQUESNE WAGON WORKS, near the Penitentiary, Allegheny City.

COLEMAN, FORRESTER & CO. my22:s26

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—The best Farm in Fairfield township, Westmoreland county, Pa., containing about 200 acres, 4 miles south of the Pennsylvania Railroad, at Hulton Station. The improvements are a large two-story brick house, with nine rooms, a frame bank barn, 60x70, with the best of stabling. Two wells and the finest spring of water on the farm. The whole farm is in a high state of cultivation; the fencing is all new. The soil is good, and is well watered; about 100 acres timber. This property is offered at the low price of fifty dollars per acre. Possession immediately.

Also, a valuable Garden Farm, containing 10 acres, situated in Elizabeth township, Allegheny county, Pa., on the Youghiogheny river, and near Elrod's Station, on the Connellsville Railroad, about fourteen miles from the city. The improvements are a two-story brick house with six rooms, hall running through the house, with cellar; a No. 1 barn and other outbuildings. There is about 6 acres of all varieties of fruit. Churches, Schools and Mills very convenient. Persons desiring to engage in gardening would do well to call and purchase quickly.

Also, a Farm of 60 acres, situated in West Wheatfield township, Indiana county, Pa., about 24 miles from the line of the Pennsylvania Railroad. The improvements are—Two good frame houses, a large frame barn, 40x70, corn crib, carriage house, a good never-failing spring house, a large orchard of two-story log house, a large frame barn, 60x70, a never-failing spring house, and other buildings. The farm is all good, abundance of limestone on the place, and coal but a short distance off. Churches, Schools and Mills convenient. Persons desiring to engage in gardening would do well to call and purchase quickly.

Also, a Farm of 80 acres, situated in West Wheatfield township, Indiana county, Pa., about 24 miles from the line of the Pennsylvania Railroad. The improvements are—Two good frame houses, a large frame barn, 40x70, corn crib, carriage house, a good never-failing spring house, a large orchard of two-story log house, a large frame barn, 60x70, a never-failing spring house, and other buildings. The farm is all good, abundance of limestone on the place, and coal but a short distance off. Churches, Schools and Mills convenient. Persons desiring to engage in gardening would do well to call and purchase quickly. I am authorized to sell this property very cheap and on easy terms.

Also, An excellent Farm of 105 acres, of which 80 acres are under cultivation, situate in Christian county, Illinois. Improvements are a good frame dwelling containing 8 rooms, about 400 choice fruit trees, good fencing, &c. It lies within 3 miles of the Illinois Central R. R. and will be sold on reasonable terms. City property taken in part exchange if desired.

Also, a Farm of 85 acres in Penn township, Westmoreland county, 30 acres cleared and under cultivation, 25 acres of first-rate white oak and other timber, 2 dwelling houses, 1 of them 2 stories, the other 1½ stories high, with good stabling and corn house; has also good water in the house. Location range in Mineral Brick table and carriage road; abundance of fruit and ornamental trees and shrubbery, and surrounded with a good sound hearth hedge. For terms, price or further particulars inquire at

WILLIAM ASH,

jy19:tu:th:s0 No. 12 smithfield street.

FOR SALE.—House and Lot on St. Louis street, Manchester. Lot 40 by 120 feet. House three stories high, with water and gas.

Brick and Lot, attaching corner of Sedgwick and Hamilton streets, Allegheny City, within three minutes' walk of Passenger Railway. Lot 40 by 120 feet. House contains 10 rooms and finished attic.

One Lot and Office Building, on Beaver street, Manchester. Lot 20 by 120 feet. Price $2,000.

Also, several small Houses and Lots in good locations. Inquire of

J. RUSH & CO.,

Beaver, near Chestnut Street, Manchester, Jy6:tu:th:s

IMPROVED PROPERTY

FOR SALE.

6 lots in Lawrenceville, and springfield, adjoining, ranging in prices from $1,050 to $1,600. Will be sold on reasonable terms if applied for soon. Embrace this opportunity.

For further information, apply at the Real Estate and Insurance Office of G. S. HAZEN,

Ja16 Butler street, Lawrenceville.

FOR SALE—A beautiful Farm, two miles from market on railway, 80 acres; frame house and good barn, work or no work; 4 acres Peaches, 2 of Apples, and from November to May 1st, from 4 to 6 cords of wood. Terms easy. Possession given immediately if desired; plenty of stable room and coal. Hazelwood and Greenbush in advance of.

Also, for Sale or Rent, eight rooms, with outbuildings; lot 85 by 300, fall of large and choice fruit.

4 lots of property for sale and rent.

Rents, fines and claims collected with the utmost dispatch.

J. F. ISRAEL, Real Estate Agent,

jy24 39 Federal St., Allegheny.

FOR SALE.

NEW TWO-STORY DWELLING HOUSE,

Located within a few yards of Swickley Station, on the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Rail way, containing four rooms, with cellar and outbuildings. Possession given immediately. For terms apply to

L. KELLY, Auctioneer.

No. 4 Federal st., Allegheny.

FOR SALE OR RENT, CHEAP—A Farm at Carpenter's Station, on the Central Railroad containing 115 acres; improvements are a large two-story brick house, 10 rooms, in pasture and good for cultivation. Also, a very large barn, 60x80 feet, in good repair, and well improved, which I will sell cheap and on reasonable terms. Also, a number of good building lots in the rear and adjoining.

For further particulars inquire of

WILLIAM WARD,

my28:tu:th:s0 104 Grant street, opposite the Cathedral.

FOR SALE,

A Beautiful Building Site,

Only 12½ miles from the city, containing 3½ acres, with a new and two fine springs. Full view of the river. Apply to

JOHN D. SCULLY,

s14:

PH. R. MERTZ.

BANKER AND BROKER,

118 Wood St., near corner of Fifth.

Government Securities,

Gold, Silver,

And Coupons,

Bought and sold on liberal terms. Drafts sold on all the principal cities of Europe.

ALL SERIES 7 3-10 BONDS

Converted Into 5-20's, 1865,

BONDS DELIVERED IMMEDIATELY.

JAS. T. BRADY & CO.,

Bankers,

Cor. Fourth & Wood Streets.

TO HOLDERS OF 7-30'S.

Having made special arrangements with **Jay Cooke & Co.,** Our correspondents, we are prepared to convert 7-30's into 5-20's of 1865.

Bonds on Hand for Delivery.

IRA B. McVAY & CO.,

Bankers,

CORNER FOURTH AND SMITHFIELD STS. mh16-68

7-30 BONDS

CONVERTED INTO

5-20 BONDS, 1865,

WITHOUT CHARGE.

Stocks bought and sold on commission in New York, Philadelphia and Boston.

ROBINSON BROS.,

No. 78 FOURTH STREET.

The Pittsburgh Gazette

FINANCE AND TRADE.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, } WEDNESDAY, July 24, 1867 }

The New York stock quotations to-day, as received by Mr. P. R. Mertz, were as follows: Gold, 139¾; Eighty-one bonds, 110¾; Five Twenties, 1862, 111¾; Five Twenties, 1864 105¾; Five Twenties, 1865, 103¾; Consols, 168¾; Seven Thirties, 108@107¾. Ten Forties, 104¾. Stocks—Erie Railroad, 73½; Cleveland & Pittsburgh, 93¾; Chicago and Rock Island, 102¾; Chicago and Northwestern, 47¾; Chicago and Northwestern preferred, 73; Fort Wayne Railroad, 100½; Michigan Southern Railroad, 83½; New York Central, 103½; Reading, 103½; Western Union Telegraph Company, 48¾. Mining shares—Corydon, 1,70; Quartz Hill, 2,10; Gregory, 6,85; Smith & Parmalee, 3,75.

The movement of grain, present and prospective, is already telling on the rate of exchange and the price of gold. The market opened apparently strong, though under a considerable export demand declined to 139¾. Gold bulls are likewise lower, and with a light demand from the public and a daily decline of the premium on gold will decide until they become more remunerative than other securities for the present; there is a stand still in the market, and even round lots of Coupons are offered, the proceeds to be reinvested otherwise.

The stock market seems to have touched its highest point, and prices are fully up to the highest average quotations of the past year, with the exception of October last, under the greatest bank expansion. Those who have taken a temporary chance in Wall street are now withdrawing preparatory to their regular fall business, which is more promising now than a week or two ago. Since Congress has adjourned there is a better feeling in business circles, and business men look more hopeful and with confidence to a prosperous fall business.

The local money market is easier, and though steep rates are demanded, yet money is not refused where securities are adequate.

The recent material appreciation in the value of oil is beginning to have some influence on producing oil companies, some of which, it was thought, were beyond redemption. The most prominent just now are "Columbia" and "Triumph," but there are others that will doubtless come to life again, and it is even possible that some of these may advance sufficiently to let their owners out with "whole skins." "Oil Basin" and "Allegheny & Pittsburgh" have recently declared a dividend, and it is reported that the "Triumph" is now getting between four and five hundred barrels per day. In regard to "Columbia," we have heard but little recently, with the exception that the stock has improved considerably in value.

Closing quotations received by James T. Brady:

U. S. Sixes, 1881	110¾
" 5-20s, 1862	111¾
" " 1864	109½
" " 1865	109¾
" " 1867	108¾
" 10-40s	103¾
" Consols	108¾
August 7-30s	107¾
June 7-30s	107¾
July 7-30s	107¾
Dec. Compounds, 1864	108¾
Gold	139¾
Silver	136¾

The following stocks were sold Wednesday evening by Smithson, Palmer & Co., 35 and 37 Fifth street:

Pittsburgh Gas Co	$79 00
National Refining & Storing Co	8 00

—The London *Economist*, confessedly the highest financial authority in the way of popular publication, has lately been giving a good deal of attention to the National banking system of this country, and its conclusions are so startling as at least to attract attention. The *Economist* says:

"Unless modifications are speedily introduced, of which at present there is no sign whatever, but the exact contrary, it is not difficult to foresee the manner in which the national bank system will sooner or later come to an end. The large number of incompetent, inexperienced, and sometimes dishonest people who have hired themselves or been attracted into the control of Navi nal banks, will easily involve them in difficulties. They will dissipate the deposits in to fish or dispute able advances, and the banks will fail. Under the law I quot ibus, the government will, out of any available assets, be able to pay but a tiny fraction of the first, and in full, the amount of its deposits, and the ordinary creditors, as to the rest, will not get a farthing. The notes of the failed bank will be at least to some extent covered by the lodgment of Federal securities, but there will be a wide field for incentious financing in the realization, sudden or gradual, of these securities, and in the sudden, sudden or gradual, of the particular national bank notes held as by deposit. It is very possible that a series of failures of national banks may create a panic and bring down a large part of the organization at once, or the distrust and dissatisfaction may operate more gradually. During the last two years it has gradually been the fashion to run down all orders which in all of new banks hastily set up for political purposes and largely in the hands of persons utterly impatient of sound principles, are less likely to encounter with success or as vive with credit."

In an elaborate statement of the condition of the New York banks for the last quarter made July 1st, the *Journal of Commerce* says pertinently to this subject that:

"There has been no increase of attachment during the last three months to the National banking system, and the banks which were organized into its ægis a chafe more than ever under the yoke. The restraints are felt where freedom would do no harm, and the license is allowed a large part of the actual banking capital of this city will return to its former connections and State organizations."

—The Rochester *Union* says: The Weedsport Bank has gone into the dogs, and a pretty bad failure it has made. The Auburn *Advertiser* says that the failure is in consequence of dabbling in stocks by a prominent officer of the bank who finding himself in a close corner, pledged everything available in order to carry the speculations along while awaiting a rise in the stocks, and effecting insurance to the amount of $90,000 on his life, to be used as "collateral." The failure sweeps the entire capital of the bank—$50,000. We understand a receiver is to be appointed at once to wind up its affairs.

PITTSBURGH WOOL MARKETS.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, } WEDNESDAY, July 24, 1867. }

The market remains quiet. Farmers being still busily engaged harvesting have no time to attend to other matters, still in some districts in adjoining counties we hear of a considerable amount of fine wool being sold the past week at 45 to 50c. Some of the larger Wool farmers (with clips of 1,000 to 3,000 pounds) not satisfied with the prices offered by buyers and agents in the country have determined in shipping their Wools to the Eastern markets, believing that they will realize all the market will afford by having their Wools graded and sold to the manufacturers direct. We learn that in some sections, agents having filled their orders, have withdrawn from the market. We quote coarse Fleece and Tub washed Wools 40 to 43c. Medium 43 to 45c, fine Wool 46 to 48c, and choice clips 50.

The Harvest and the Crops.

Intelligence received from nearly all parts of Southern and Central Illinois and Iowa is to the effect that the harvest of all the winter and spring grains of small grain in those sections is now progressing. The winter wheat crop is much better and larger than has been known for many years, and the spring wheat looks very favorable. Yesterday four car loads of the latter were received by the Chicago, Alton and St. Louis Railroad—which is earlier than it has ever before been received in this market. The crops of oats, rye and barley are large, and with a continuance of the present weather the quality will prove far beyond the average.—*Chicago Republican.*

Chicago Cattle Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CHICAGO, July 24—Beef Cattle quiet at $6 62½@7 75 for fair to good shipping. Hogs fairly active and 10@20c lower; at $5 35@5 90 for common to good choice. Sheep more active at $3,75@4,00.

Philadelphia Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

PHILADELPHIA, July 24.—Flour is dull; Northwest, $12,50. Wheat, new red Southern, $2,50@2,80. Corn is quiet; mixed western $ 90 for common to good choice. Oats, 90c. Provisions are advancing. Whisky is nominal.

JAMES DALZELL & SON,

69 and 70 Water Street,

LARD OIL MANUFACTURERS,

and dealers in CRUDE, LUBRICATING and CARBON OILS.

We warrant our No. 1 Lard Oil equal to the best Cincinnati, or other brands, and propose to sell as low as Cincinnati or Chicago rates.

Our No. 2 Lard Oil as a Lubricator cannot be excelled.

Dick Creek Lubricating and standard brands of Carbon Oil constantly on hand.

Merchants and manufacturers will find it to their interest to give us a call before ordering Lard Oil from the West. fb19-139

PITTSBURGH MARKETS.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, } WEDNESDAY, July 24, 1867. }

There are no new features in the general markets worthy of special notice. We can report a continued fair local demand for most of the leading articles, and with a fair volume of business, in the aggregate, prices have undergone no material change.

GRAIN—Small arrivals of new Wheat, and small sales are reported at $2,10@2,20 for Penna Winter. Oats less active but scarce and unchanged; sale of 100 bush. on track, at 80c, and 300 do at 87c. Corn is scarce and firm, but the demand is light; small sales in store, at $1@1,10 for prime. Rye is quiet; last sales at $1,37. Nothing doing, as yet, in Barley.

FLOUR—Is quiet and steady but unchanged. We continue to quote at $11,50@12 for Spring Wheat; $13@13,50 for Winter Wheat, and $16@17 for family brands. Rye Flour is selling in store at $8,50. Stocks moderate, and arrivals falling off.

PROVISIONS—Bacon continues firm and somewhat excited, with an advancing tendency. We quote at 12c for Shoulders; 14½@15½c for Ribbed and Clear Sides, and 21@22c for Sugar Cured Hams. Lard is dull and nominal at 12c for prime kettle rendered. Mess Pork, $24@24 50, and Dried Beef 24@26c.

POTATOES—Scarce, firm and in demand—new crop sell readily at $4,50 per bbl. There are but very few old Potatoes in market.

SEEDS—We can report some few small sales of Flaxseed at $2 80. There seems to be no demand for either Clover or Timothy Seeds.

BUTTER—There seems to be a slight improvement in the demand for prime fresh Butter, but prices are no better, 15@16c. Common packed is dull and neglected.

EGGS—Quiet but steady at 23@24c.

GREEN APPLES—Scarce, firm and higher. Sales at $5,50 to $7,00 per bbl. for fair to choice.

OIL—Lard Oil is firm and unchanged—80c for No. 2, and $1,05 for No. 1.

MILL FEED—Is coming in pretty freely, and while the market is a shade easier, prices remain unchanged at $25 for Middlings, and $1 55@1,60 for Bran.

PITTSBURGH PETROLEUM MARKET

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, } WEDNESDAY, July 24, 1867. }

CRUDE—The market was again active and considerably excited to-day, and while the transactions were large, in the aggregate, prices, although fully maintained, have undergone no material change. We are cognizant of one party having resold a contract for all this year, buyer's option, on which he pocket d the sum of ten thousand dollars. The buyer having appreciated that much in value—in other words, he bought at 8c, and sold at 12c, leaving a profit of *two dollars per barrel*. Spot oil is in fair demand and firm at 12¼@12c, and "first water" may be fairly quoted at 12c. The following sales were reported:

6000 bbls. on spot—in tank	12½c
1000 " first water—seller	12c
1000 " between Sept. and Jan., seller	12c
900 " all 1867—buyer — differ. in cash	12c
1500 " September, seller	12½c
1000 " October, seller	12½c
2000 " November, seller	12½c
1000 " September, seller	12½c
1000 " October, seller	12½c
1500 " September seller	12½c
1000 " November, seller	12½c
2000 " on spot—in tank	12½c
1000 " all 1867, difference in cash	12½c
1000 " on spot—in tank	12½c

REFINED—The market for bonded oil was comparatively quiet to-day, though there is steady feeling, and there is no disposition manifested on the part of holders to make concessions in order to effect sales. The foreign news being more favorable has exercised a stiffening influence on the eastern markets, though it is contended that the advance there has been fully anticipated, and that no further material advance can be looked for. We have also learned that there is a still further improvement on the other side of the Atlantic. Be this as it may, this market is firm, and at present prices there are but few sellers. Sales were:

500 bbls.	August, buyer's option	32c
500 "	August, seller's option	32½c
500 "	July, buyer's option	32½c
500 "	July, buyer's option	32½c

OIL SHIPPED EAST BY A. V. R. R.

Lockart & Frew, 500 bbls refined, Philadelphia.

J. Meyer & Co., 400 do do to Waring, King & Co., Philadelphia.

Mortimer, Koehler & Co., 322 do do to Waring, King & Co., Philadelphia.

H. W. Norris & Co., 210 do do to Waring, King & Co., Philadelphia.

Braun & Wagner, 249 do do, to Waring, King & Co., Philadelphia.

Jas. Benning Jr., 200 do do, to F. A. Dilworth & Co., Philadelphia.

National Ref. & St. Co., 200 do do, to F. A. Dilworth & Co., Philadelphia.

E. Jageman & Co., 197 do do, to Waring, King & Co., Philadelphia.

Wightman & Anderson, 159 do do to P. Wright & Sons, Philadelphia.

J. C. Kirkpatrick, 110 do do, to Waring, King & Co., Philadelphia.

Aladdin Oil Co., 200 do do to Tack Bro & Co., Philadelphia.

Lockart, 33 do crude, to J. B. Hodgson, Philadelphia.

OIL SHIPPED EAST FROM DEPOT.

Brook, Ballentine & Co., 45 bbls refined to W. G. Mulder, Philadelphia.

Kirkpatrick, Lyon & Co., 102 do do to Tack Bro. & Co., Philadelphia.

A. D. Miller, 36 do do, to Waring, King & Co, Philadelphia.

H. M. Long & Co. 69 do do, to Waring, King & Co., Philadelphia.

New York Produce Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, July 24—Cotton firm but quiet; sales of 950 bales at 27@27½c for middling upland. Flour; receipts of 2,712 bbls; margins a shade lower; sales of 8,400 bbls at $8,50@8,60 for superfine and western $8,95@9,30 for extra western, $9,35@9,50 for shipping brands extra Round Hoop Ohio, $10,85@12,75, trade brands, $9@11,00 for spring, St. Louis and Wisconsin $11,50@13,00 for trade brands, $9,40@11,00 for sales 1,300 bbls at $12,25@16,00 and small lots at $15 15. Rye flour steady; sales of 350 bbls at $7@7,60. Wheat heavy and 1@2c lower; receipts—wheat, 4,300 bus.; market 3@5 cents higher and more active; sales of 52,000 bus. at $2,70@2,71 for No. 2 spring, $2,72@2,75 for No. 1 do; $2,80 for white Canawaba; $2,90@ $2,95 for Amber Georgia; $2,60 for New Jersey; $2,70@2,80 for white Pennsylvania, chiefly at inside prices. Rye quiet. Barley dull. Malt nominal. Receipts—corn, 23,300 bus; market closed heavy; sales 20,000 bus at 69@81,91; new mixed western $1,02 @1,03 for fancy lots do; 85@90c for unsound, and $1,07 for white Western. Oats; receipts 14,700 bus; better; sales 50,000 bus at 50c for Western, and 92@96c for Ohio and State. Coffee steady. Sugar steady; sales 300 hhds Cuba at 11@11½c. Molasses quiet. Rice quiet. Petroleum firm; 14c for crude in bulk, and 31@32c for refined in bond. Leather quiet and unchanged. Wool dull and unsettling; sales 120,000 pounds at 45@57c for domestic fleece, and 40c for pulled. Pork opened very heavy and closed irregular; sales 250 bbls at $23,50 for regular; $22,75 for old; $19,75@20,25 for prime, and $22,50@22,75 for prime mess. Beef firm and unchanged. Lard quiet; 500 bbls Beef Hams firm at 32@33. Bacon scarce and quiet; sales 164 boxes at 16c for old Cumberland cut; 12½c for rough; 15c for cured clear, and 16c for cured clear ribbed middles. Cut Meats firmer; sales 300 packages at 11½@12c for shoulders, and 15@ 17c for hams. Lard quiet; sales 500 bbls at 12½@ 12¾c for new. Butter unchanged. Cheese heavy at 7@12c.

LATEST 5 P. M.—Flour dull and 10@15c lower. Wheat heavy, and 2@3c lower. Rye dull, at $1 42@1 45 for western. Oats firm, at 84@86c for Western, and 92@93c for Ohio. Corn a shade firmer, at $1 01@1 02 for prime to choice new mixed western, and 89@90c for un-sound do. Pork heavy; sales of 1,500 barrels of new mess at $23 50, and $22 50, regular, closing with sellers at $23,00 cash, and $ 3,50, regular, and buyers at $23,75, cash, and $23,50, regular. Beef dull and unchanged. Cut Meats firm, with an upward tendency, at 12c for dry salted shoulders, Bacon quiet and unchanged. Lard firm, at 13@13½c for fair to prime steam and kettle rendered.

Cincinnati Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CINCINNATI, July 24—Flour drooping; family $9,75@10 50, with mere sellers than buyers. Wheat firmer and some shipping demand; No. 1 red, $2; white Kentucky, $2,15 @2 25. Corn dull, unchanged and not much doing. Oats firmer; No 1 car, the receipts are light and the firmness of the market in consequent upon the light supply. Rye scarce and firmer; No. 1 $1,25. Cotton dull and nothing doing; middling can be bought at 25c. Whisky $1,30 in bond. Mess pork in demand for next month, at $23. Lard no sales; sellers on the spot; it sold at $21,50@21,75 market closed firm. Bulk meats firm but quiet, at 12@12½c for shoulders and sides. Bacon active, and all out of smoke taken at 13@ 16c for shoulders sides and clear sides, and there is a large demand for future delivery, at 12½c, 15½@16c for shoulders, sides, clear rib and clear sides; 40 hhds. clear rib sold at 15½c on the spot; there are large orders in from the South and East. Hams in fair common 16c; sugar cured 20@22c. Lard unchanged; a small lot sold at 12½c. Butter firm and colored fresh is light and brings 18@ 22c; other kinds dull. Cheese dull, at 10@ 12½c for W R. Salt is lower; sales of Turks Island at 2@2 75c per bu; domestic unchanged. Linseed oil quiet, but firm, at 90c. Lard oil 95c@1. Flax seed $2. No demand for grass of any kind. Good 13@c bright, and 14@ selling.

The weather is exceedingly hot; excellent for corn. Complaints of scarcity of rain reach us from some places. The corn looks very well in all this section of the country.

The Harvest and the Crops.

Intelligence received from nearly all parts of Southern and Central Illinois and Iowa is to the effect that the harvest of all the winter and spring grains of small grain in those sections is now progressing. The winter wheat crop is much better and larger than has been known for many years, and the spring wheat looks very favorable. Yesterday four car loads of the latter were received by the Chicago, Alton and St. Louis Railroad—which is earlier than it has ever before been received in this market. The crops of oats, rye and barley are large, and with a continuance of the present weather the quality will prove far beyond the average.—*Chicago Republican.*

Chicago Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CHICAGO, July 24.—Weather hot and very favorable for the crops. Flour dull at $8 70 @11 50 for spring extras. Wheat dull at $1,78 @1 81 for No. 2 spring. Corn more active and 2c higher, closing steady at 85½@85¾c for No. 1, and 80@81c for No. 2. Oats active and 2c higher, closing firm at 37½@38c for No. 2. Rye dull at $1,15 for No. 1. Provisions quiet and steady. Mess Pork nominal at $23,75@ 24. Lard dull at 12½@12¾c. Receipts: 2,600 bbls flour, 8,000 bus wheat, 143,000 bus corn, 7,000 bus oats, 3,000 bus barley. Shipments: 2,000 bbls flour, 2,000 bus wheat, 211,000 bus corn.

Louisville Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

LOUISVILLE, July 24.—Sales of 190 hhds leaf Tobacco. Lugs, $4@5,75 for common to medium; leaf, $6@18,75; selections, $20@ 21,75; Owen County cutting leaf, $23@30; the advance been fully sustained. Flour; superfine, $7 for No. 1, and $11,75 for new. Wheat, $1,75 for prime new. Corn, shelled and delivered, $1 00@1 05. Oats dull at 85@ 90c for bulk. Groceries are active at full rates. Mess Pork, $25. Bacon, shoulders, 13c, clear sides, 19@20c. Lard, in tierces, 12½@12¾c. Raw Whisky in bond $1,30.

Milwaukee Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

MILWAUKEE, July 24—Flour is firm; city deman extra, at $1 50; country do, at $10@ 10 55 extra, at $9,25@9 75. Wheat quiet, at $2,30 for No. 1, $1,85; $1,75 for No. 3 and $1,20 for rejected. Oats are firm, at 1,60 for No. 1, and 67c for No. 2. Corn firm, at 85c for No. 1, old. Receipts—flour 500 bbls; wheat 12,000 bus; oats 1,500; corn, 1,000 bush. Shipments—flour 2,000 bbls; wheat 1,000; oats 400; corn 400 bu.

Financial Matters in New York.

Gold Closed at 139¾.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, July 24, 1867.

MONEY.

Money market easy, at 4@5 per cent. for call loans. Sterling unchanged and quiet. Gold lower, opening at 139¾ and closing at 139¾. Total exports of specie to-day were $1,763,151.

GOVERNMENT STOCKS

firm. The following are the closing quotations: Coupons 1881, 110¾; Coupons 1864, 109¾; do. 1865, 109¾; do. January and July, 108¾; do. 1867, 108¾; 10-40 Coupons, 102¾; August 7-30s, 107; June, 105¾.

STOCKS

Stocks active and higher, closing firm. The following are the 5-20 prices: Canton, 49¾@50; Cumberland, 38¾@39; Quicksilver, 34¾@34¾; Mariposa, 10@11; Western Union, 67¾@68; Pacific Mail, 140@140½; Atlantic, 104@105; New York Central, 116@116¼; Erie, 74¾@74¾; Hudson, 119@119½; Reading, 103¾@103¾; Michigan Central, 111½@111¾; North Western, 47¾@47¾; North Western preferred, 73¾@73¾; Ft. Wayne, 100¾@100¾; Illinois, 132¾; Atlantic & Pacific Express, 23¾; Wells & Fargo, 69½; Merchant's Union, 15½@17—last sale, 16½; Missouri 6s, 105; Tennessees, 69½; new do., 69¾.

MINING SHARES,

more doing; Gregory, 685; El Dorado, 285; Quartz Hill, 200; Rocky Mountain, 120; Smith & Parmlee, 375; Sensenderfer, 130@ 13,25; U. S. Petroleum, 375.

SUB-TREASURY RECEIPTS.

Receipts at the Sub-Treasury, $3,351,102; payments, 241,604 91; balance, $131,111,602.

New York Dry Goods Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, July 24.—Dry Goods trade slowly recovering from the inactivity and depression recently prevalent, and indications seem to foreshadow a lively demand for all kind of goods after the first of August, because all foreign woollen goods bought after that date do not require payment until next year. With an active trade next month jobbers are sanguine of better prices, and some buyers, in anticipation of an advance, are already purchasing all cheap woollens offering adapted for suits at prices ranging from $1,25 to 1,75 for medium and heavy fabrics. Flannels also are moving more freely, as are Blankets. Cottons steady and firm, at 13½ to 15c for Merrimacs. Prints—15½ for Pacific and Sprague, 16 for Cocheco L, 15 for American Dunnels, Richmonds and all Amoskeags, Ocean, and Manchester, 12½ for Arnolds and Freemans, and 17½ to 18 for standard unbleached Sheetings.

St. Louis Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

ST. LOUIS, July 24—Tobacco is steady. Cotton is nominal. Hemp is firm at $1 35@ 1 45 for prime to choice unpressed; $2 40@2 60 for choice dressed. Flour is 25 cents lower; double extra, $10 20@12; choice and fancy, $12 50@13 25. Wheat is dull and 2@3 cents lower; Spring, $1 60; prime fall, $2 15@2 21; choice, $2 22@2 25. Corn is heavy and lower, at 81@82c for mixed. Oats firm at 50@52c for choice dressed. Flour is 25 cents lower; double extra, $10 20@12; choice and fancy, $12 50@13 25. Wheat is dull and 2@3 cents lower; Spring, $1 60; prime fall, $2 15@2 21; choice, $2 22@2 25. Corn is heavy and lower, at 81@82c for mixed. Oats firm at 50@52c for choice dressed. Barley dull and heavy for old; sales of 8,400 bbls at $8 50@8 60 for superfine and western $8 90@ 9 30 for extra western, $9 35@9 50 for shipping brands extra Round Hoop Ohio, $10 85@12 75, trade brands, $9@11 00 for spring, St. Louis and Wisconsin $11 50@13 00 for trade brands, $9 40@ 11 00 for sales 1,300 bbls at $12 25@16 00 and small lots at $15 15. Rye flour steady; sales of 350 bbls at $7@7 60. Wheat heavy and 1@2c lower; receipts—wheat, 4,300 bus.; market 3@5 cents higher and more active; sales of 52,000 bus. at $2 70@2 71 for No. 2 spring, $2 72@2 75 for No. 1 do; $2 80 for white Canawaba; $2 90@ $2 95 for Amber Georgia; $2 60 for New Jersey; $2 70@2 80 for white Pennsylvania, chiefly at inside prices. Rye quiet. Barley dull. Malt nominal. Receipts—corn, 23,300 bus; market closed heavy; sales 20,000 bus at 69@81,91; new mixed western $1 02 @1 03 for fancy lots do; 85@90c for unsound, and $1 07 for white Western. Oats; receipts 14,700 bus; better; sales 50,000 bus at 50c for Western, and 92@96c for Ohio and State. Coffee steady. Sugar steady; sales 300 hhds Cuba at 11@11¾c. Molasses quiet. Rice quiet. Petroleum firm; 14c for crude in bulk, and 31@32c for refined in bond. Leather quiet and unchanged. Wool dull and unsettling; sales 120,000 pounds at 45@57c for domestic fleece, and 40c for pulled. Pork opened very heavy and closed irregular; sales 250 bbls at $23 50 for regular; $22 75 for old; $19,75@20,25 for prime, and $22 50@22,75 for prime mess. Beef firm and unchanged. Lard quiet; 500 bbls Beef Hams firm at 32@33. Bacon scarce and quiet; sales 164 boxes at 16c for old Cumberland cut; 12½c for rough; 15c for cured clear, and 16c for cured clear ribbed middles. Cut Meats firmer; sales 300 packages at 11½@12c for shoulders, and 15@ 17c for hams. Lard quiet; sales 500 bbls at 12½@ 12¾c for new. Butter unchanged. Cheese heavy at 7@12c.

LATEST 5 P. M.—Flour dull and 10@15c lower. Wheat heavy, and 2@3c lower. Rye dull, at $1 42@1 45 for western. Oats firm, at 84@86c for Western, and 92@93c for Ohio. Corn a shade firmer, at $1 01@1 02 for prime to choice new mixed western, and 89@90c for un-sound do. Pork heavy; sales of 1,500 barrels of new mess at $23 50, and $22 50, regular, closing with sellers at $23,00 cash, and $ 3,50, regular, and buyers at $23,75, cash, and $23,50, regular. Beef dull and unchanged. Cut Meats firm, with an upward tendency, at 12c for dry salted shoulders, Bacon quiet and unchanged. Lard firm, at 13@13½c for fair to prime steam and kettle rendered.

Cincinnati Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CINCINNATI, July 24—Flour drooping; family $9,75@10 50, with mere sellers than buyers. Wheat firmer and some shipping demand; No. 1 red, $2; white Kentucky, $2,15 @2 25. Corn dull, unchanged and not much doing. Oats firmer; No 1 car, the receipts are light and the firmness of the market in consequent upon the light supply. Rye scarce and firmer; No. 1 $1,25. Cotton dull and nothing doing; middling can be bought at 25c. Whisky $1,30 in bond. Mess pork in demand for next month, at $23. Lard no sales; sellers on the spot; it sold at $21,50@21,75 market closed firm. Bulk meats firm but quiet, at 12@12½c for shoulders and sides. Bacon active, and all out of smoke taken at 13@ 16c for shoulders sides and clear sides, and there is a large demand for future delivery, at 12½c, 15½@16c for shoulders, sides, clear rib and clear sides; 40 hhds. clear rib sold at 15½c on the spot; there are large orders in from the South and East. Hams in fair common 16c; sugar cured 20@22c. Lard unchanged; a small lot sold at 12½c. Butter firm and colored fresh is light and brings 18@ 22c; other kinds dull. Cheese dull, at 10@ 12½c for W R. Salt is lower; sales of Turks Island at 2@2 75c per bu; domestic unchanged. Linseed oil quiet, but firm, at 90c. Lard oil 95c@1. Flax seed $2. No demand for grass of any kind. Good 13@c bright, and 14@ selling.

The weather is exceedingly hot; excellent for corn. Complaints of scarcity of rain reach us from some places. The corn looks very well in all this section of the country.

The Harvest and the Crops.

Intelligence received from nearly all parts of Southern and Central Illinois and Iowa is to the effect that the harvest of all the winter and spring grains of small grain in those sections is now progressing. The winter wheat crop is much better and larger than has been known for many years, and the spring wheat looks very favorable. Yesterday four car loads of the latter were received by the Chicago, Alton and St. Louis Railroad—which is earlier than it has ever before been received in this market. The crops of oats, rye and barley are large, and with a continuance of the present weather the quality will prove far beyond the average.—*Chicago Republican.*

Chicago Cattle Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CHICAGO, July 24—Beef Cattle quiet at $6 62½@7 75 for fair to good shipping. Hogs fairly active and 10@20c lower; at $5 35@ 5 90 for common to good choice. Sheep more active at $3,75@4,00.

Philadelphia Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

PHILADELPHIA, July 24.—Flour is dull; Northwest, $12,50. Wheat, new red Southern, $2,50@2,80. Corn is quiet; mixed western $ 90 for common to good choice. Oats, 90c. Provisions are advancing. Whisky is nominal.

PITTSBURGH ROPE WORKS.

FULTON, BOLLMAN & CO.,

Manufacture the best

CORDAGE,

OAKUM,

AND

TWINES, in every variety.

Warehouse, 114 & 115 Water St.

Call or send for Circular. ap13-65

RIVER NEWS.

The Wild Duck arrived at Cincinnati on Monday from St. Louis, with barges bringing 350 tons of iron and 5000 pieces of lead, and miscellaneous freight. She discharges her cargo and ties up for the present.

We learn from the New Albany *Ledger* that Captain Sam Montgomery has contracted with Starkey, Twomey & Co., of the American Foundry, for new engines for his steamer. They will be thirty-four inches in diameter of cylinder and nine feet stroke. The boat will have a battery of nine boilers, sufficient to make all steam that the immense engines can work off, and experienced boat builders and engineers predict that Captain Montgomery will have in her one of the very fleetest steamers on the Western waters.

The St. Louis *Republican*, of Sunday, says: The F. W. Brooks, with her engines, furniture, &c., was sold yesterday at Sheriff's sale, on the Court-house steps, by virtue of an order of sale issued by the Circuit Court in favor of Christian Pinkepank, plaintiff vs. Henry A. Buedner and William Retter. The first bid was stated by John Lindy, at five dollars. The bids went up from five to ten dollars a log until the boat was knocked off for $120 to Mr. Pinkepank, the plaintiff in the suit.

Propeller screws have been improved by a new arrangement, which has just been successfully experimented upon at Troy New York, a small propeller having been constructed for the purpose. The improvement consists in quadrupling the number of screws, that is, instead of working a boat with a single screw at the stern, two screws are applied at either end of extra keels, which are set on both sides of the bottom, and directly under the craft. It is claimed that a very great increase of speed is gained by this new arrangement, and in the trial trip at Troy, the propeller moved through the water with great celerity. The inventor, a Mr. Arnold, has been eleven years, it is said, perfecting this improvement; and, should it succeed, the present speed of steam navigation may be considerably augmented, while its safety will be increased.

The Postmaster at New Orleans has issued the following, which we reproduce for the benefit of steamboatman:

"WHEREAS, Information has reached the Department that steamboats and vessels are constantly bringing to and carrying out of this port letters outside of the mails, not enclosed in stamped envelopes, after having been repeatedly notified that such was contrary to law, and subject to heavy penalties. Now, therefore, this is to notify those that if any concern, that from and after the 1st day of August next, special detectives will visit every Packet and vessel arriving or departing from this port, and if any such letters shall be found, said boat or vessel will be prosecuted according to law.

"Only letters relating solely to the cargo or articles at the same time conveyed as freight, may be lawfully carried not so inclosed."

The Cincinnati *Commercial* of Tuesday, has the following: Capt. Fenton has changed his mind again. He will not load the Silver Spray for New Orleans, but will go instead over her engagements to the Silver Cloud. Captain L. and Mr. V. C. Denizel, of the New Orleans Red River, are meeting the boat this week, the former with a view of purchasing her for the New Orleans and Red river trade. They left for Louisville and Shippingport, to-day, to overhaul the Camelia for Maysville, and T. J. Pickett, for Manchester, leave together to-day. The Camelia will be commanded by Captain E. Morgan, and the Pickett by Capt. Riggs.

A SHORT CUT.—On Friday evening, July 8th, the Mississippi river shortened the distance between Council Bluffs and St. Louis, by several miles, at a point between Nebraska City and Brownsville, known among river men as the Peru Bend. At this point the river here-before made a bend of about ten miles in length, bearing from east to west, and for several years past the neck of the unnatural peninsula lay been gradually wearing away, when at last on the day above mentioned, the river being very high—the cut out got started, and gradually swept away the surface, until it got such a start that the work of establishing a new channel was but momentary. The work once fairly inaugurated, and the "rushing of mighty waters" soon thundering through, bearing off the farm house, forest trees, and fences, as though they possessed neither weight nor value. The Omaha *Herald*, in speaking of this singular phenomenon in channel changing, says:

The steamers Cornelia and Miner, which had just made the trip around the bend, when they arrived opposite the newly formed path of the waters, were drawn and swept with irresistible power into the cut through. Arriving at this point in less than five minutes which they had been three hours in getting away from. The water with great celerity. The inventor, a Mr. Arnold, has been eleven years, it is said, perfecting this improvement; and, should it succeed, the present speed of steam navigation may be considerably augmented, while its safety will be increased.

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MEDICAL.

CONSUMPTION!

It would take a man a lifetime to read the treatises that have been written upon this important subject, and if a sick man were to attempt it he would make himself worse by the reading, and die before he got half through. The symptoms of the disease are, hacking cough, expectoration of matter or pus, pain in one or both lungs, chilliness, burning in the palms of the hands and soles of the fe